
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of July 2023

Commission File Number 001-33159

AERCAP HOLDINGS N.V.

(Translation of Registrant's Name into English)

AerCap House, 65 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin D02 YX20, Ireland, +353 1 819 2010

(Address of Principal Executive Office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F x

Form 40-F o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): o

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): o

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted to furnish a report or other document that the registrant foreign private issuer must furnish and make public under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the registrant is incorporated, domiciled or legally organized (the registrant's "home country"), or under the rules of the home country exchange on which the registrant's securities are traded, as long as the report or other document is not a press release, is not required to be and has not been distributed to the registrant's security holders, and, if discussing a material event, has already been the subject of a Form 6-K submission or other Commission filing on EDGAR.

Other Events

On July 31, 2023, AerCap Holdings N.V. furnished its interim financial report for the quarter ended June 30, 2023.

The information contained in this Form 6-K is incorporated by reference into the Company's Form F-3 Registration Statements File Nos. 333-270326 and 333-260359 and Form S-8 Registration Statements File Nos. 333-194638, 333-194637, 333-180323, 333-165839, and 333-154416, and related Prospectuses, as such Registration Statements and Prospectuses may be amended from time to time.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

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AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022

	Note	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
(U.S. Dollars in thousands, except share data)			
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	\$ 1,153,922	\$ 1,597,147
Restricted cash	4	163,065	159,623
Trade receivables		62,993	132,202
Flight equipment held for operating leases, net	5	55,604,909	55,220,809
Investment in finance leases, net	6	1,373,096	1,356,072
Flight equipment held for sale	7	808,525	292,808
Prepayments on flight equipment	25	3,697,818	3,806,602
Maintenance rights and lease premium, net	8	2,977,729	3,364,453
Other intangibles, net	8	174,164	185,210
Deferred tax assets	15	206,221	210,334
Associated companies	9	870,312	811,219
Other assets	10	2,835,653	2,590,439
Total Assets		\$ 69,928,407	\$ 69,726,918
Liabilities and Equity			
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	12	\$ 1,504,518	\$ 1,494,953
Accrued maintenance liability	13	2,567,107	2,503,202
Lessee deposit liability		876,556	806,655
Debt	14	46,255,843	46,532,960
Deferred tax liabilities	15	2,333,875	2,194,098
Commitments and contingencies	25		
<i>Total Liabilities</i>		53,537,899	53,531,868
Ordinary share capital, €0.01 par value, 450,000,000 ordinary shares authorized as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022; 250,347,345 and 250,347,345 ordinary shares issued and 232,505,493 and 245,931,275 ordinary shares outstanding (including 4,233,182 and 4,837,602 shares of unvested restricted stock) as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively			
	22	3,024	3,024
Additional paid-in capital		8,604,293	8,586,034
Treasury shares, at cost (17,841,852 and 4,416,070 ordinary shares as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)	22	(1,026,074)	(254,699)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		132,624	108,226
Accumulated retained earnings		8,598,005	7,674,922
<i>Total AerCap Holdings N.V. shareholders' equity</i>		16,311,872	16,117,507
Non-controlling interest		78,636	77,543
<i>Total Equity</i>		16,390,508	16,195,050
Total Liabilities and Equity		\$ 69,928,407	\$ 69,726,918
Supplemental balance sheet information—amounts related to assets and liabilities of consolidated Variable Interest Entities (“VIE”) for which creditors do not have recourse to our general credit:			
Restricted cash		\$ 65,526	\$ 71,940
Flight equipment held for operating leases and held for sale		2,705,247	2,810,778
Other assets		142,197	146,239
Accrued maintenance liability		\$ 137,187	\$ 127,010
Debt		1,339,324	1,016,745
Other liabilities		86,342	74,012

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Financial Statements.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Income Statements
For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

Note	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
(U.S. Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)					
Revenues and other income					
Lease revenue:					
	\$	1,561,368	\$ 1,461,526	\$ 3,098,031	\$ 3,015,172
		156,014	102,798	343,156	288,693
		1,717,382	1,564,324	3,441,187	3,303,865
		165,909	35,200	265,449	38,485
	17	41,090	71,188	83,467	118,378
		1,924,381	1,670,712	3,790,103	3,460,728
Expenses					
	5, 8	615,604	580,744	1,226,121	1,215,158
	18	(13,964)	—	(28,072)	2,728,718
	19	2,098	11,803	36,433	14,228
		427,376	399,994	863,598	780,779
		790	901	3,851	2,041
		229,238	193,231	455,247	401,286
	20	119,737	104,872	230,341	202,347
		—	9,245	—	26,633
		1,380,879	1,300,790	2,787,519	5,371,190
		(5,259)	(12,464)	3,986	(12,351)
		538,243	357,458	1,006,570	(1,922,813)
	15	(75,747)	(50,044)	(141,341)	228,263
		34,374	33,148	66,918	34,431
		\$ 496,870	\$ 340,562	\$ 932,147	\$ (1,660,119)
		(3,976)	(736)	(7,148)	(885)
		\$ 492,894	\$ 339,826	\$ 924,999	\$ (1,661,004)
	22	\$ 2.13	\$ 1.41	\$ 3.93	\$ (6.92)
	22	\$ 2.12	\$ 1.40	\$ 3.90	\$ (6.92)
	22	231,318,582	240,367,450	235,321,261	240,008,449
	22	232,866,512	242,264,561	237,204,222	240,008,449

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Financial Statements.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(U.S. Dollars in thousands)			
Net income (loss)	\$ 496,870	\$ 340,562	\$ 932,147	\$ (1,660,119)
Other comprehensive income (loss) :				
Net gain on derivatives (Note 11), net of tax of \$(8,544), \$(4,088), \$(4,217) and \$(11,752), respectively	54,185	28,613	22,619	82,261
Actuarial gain on pension obligations, net of tax of nil, nil, \$254 and nil, respectively	—	—	1,779	—
Total other comprehensive income	54,185	28,613	24,398	82,261
Comprehensive income (loss)	551,055	369,175	956,545	(1,577,858)
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest	(3,976)	(736)	(7,148)	(885)
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to AerCap Holdings N.V.	\$ 547,079	\$ 368,439	\$ 949,397	\$ (1,578,743)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Financial Statements.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
	(U.S. Dollars in thousands)	
Net income (loss)	\$ 932,147	\$ (1,660,119)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,226,121	1,215,158
Net (recoveries) charges related to Ukraine Conflict	(15,072)	2,938,487
Asset impairment	36,433	14,228
Amortization of debt issuance costs, debt discount, debt premium and lease premium	130,723	161,633
Maintenance rights write-off (a)	214,821	179,667
Maintenance liability release to income	(145,006)	(131,427)
Net gain on sale of assets	(265,449)	(38,485)
Deferred tax expense (benefit)	145,085	(225,819)
Share-based compensation	48,669	54,381
Collections of finance leases	233,812	140,140
(Gain) loss on investments at fair value	(3,986)	12,351
Loss on debt extinguishment	3,851	2,041
Other	(16,089)	(94,400)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Trade receivables	65,486	44,327
Other assets	(56,712)	48,132
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	21,762	(151,845)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,556,596	2,508,450
Purchase of flight equipment	(2,290,042)	(1,328,669)
Proceeds from sale or disposal of assets	944,798	796,373
Prepayments on flight equipment	(789,408)	(415,070)
Other	(116,636)	84,683
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,251,288)	(862,683)
Issuance of debt	2,327,579	84,996
Repayment of debt	(2,590,220)	(2,413,244)
Debt issuance and extinguishment costs paid, net of debt premium received	(35,627)	(9,135)
Maintenance payments received	378,292	353,522
Maintenance payments returned	(109,522)	(172,570)
Security deposits received	193,524	148,781
Security deposits returned	(114,150)	(140,441)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interest holders	(6,055)	(580)
Repurchase of shares and tax withholdings on share-based compensation	(790,013)	(8,140)
Net cash used in financing activities	(746,192)	(2,156,811)
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(440,884)	(511,044)
Effect of exchange rate changes	1,101	(1,260)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	1,756,770	1,914,753
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 1,316,987	\$ 1,402,449

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Financial Statements.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
	(U.S. Dollars in thousands)	
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Interest paid, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 821,700	\$ 760,509
Income taxes paid, net	6,657	1,203

(a) Maintenance rights write-off consisted of the following:

End-of-Lease (“EOL”) and Maintenance Reserve (“MR”) contract maintenance rights expense	\$ 140,686	\$ 166,512
MR contract maintenance rights write-off offset by maintenance liability release	16,594	242,142
EOL contract maintenance rights write-off offset by EOL compensation received	57,541	65,506
EOL and MR contract maintenance rights write-off related to the Ukraine Conflict	—	(294,493)
Maintenance rights write-off	\$ 214,821	\$ 179,667

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Financial Statements.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023:

Flight equipment held for operating leases in the amount of \$153.9 million was reclassified to investment in finance leases, net/inventory.

Flight equipment held for operating leases in the amount of \$1,048.5 million was reclassified to flight equipment held for sale, net.

Accrued maintenance liability in the amount of \$66.4 million was settled with buyers upon sale or disposal of assets.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2022:

Flight equipment held for operating leases in the amount of \$282.1 million was reclassified to investment in finance and sales-type leases, net.

Flight equipment held for operating leases in the amount of \$81.9 million was reclassified to flight equipment held for sale, net.

Accrued maintenance liability in the amount of \$14.1 million was settled with buyers upon sale or disposal of assets.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Financial Statements.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Number of ordinary shares issued	Ordinary share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury shares	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Accumulated retained earnings	AerCap Holdings N.V. shareholders' equity	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
(U.S. Dollars in thousands, except share data)									
Balance as of March 31, 2023	250,347,345	\$ 3,024	\$ 8,590,697	\$ (731,517)	\$ 78,439	\$ 8,104,773	\$ 16,045,416	\$ 78,207	\$ 16,123,623
Dividends paid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,547)	(3,547)
Repurchase of shares	—	—	—	(296,109)	—	—	(296,109)	—	(296,109)
Ordinary shares issued, net of tax withholdings	—	—	(8,210)	1,552	—	338	(6,320)	—	(6,320)
Share-based compensation	—	—	21,806	—	—	—	21,806	—	21,806
Total comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	54,185	492,894	547,079	3,976	551,055
Balance as of June 30, 2023	250,347,345	\$ 3,024	\$ 8,604,293	\$ (1,026,074)	\$ 132,624	\$ 8,598,005	\$ 16,311,872	\$ 78,636	\$ 16,390,508

	Number of ordinary shares issued	Ordinary share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury shares	Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	Accumulated retained earnings	AerCap Holdings N.V. shareholders' equity	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
(U.S. Dollars in thousands, except share data)									
Balance as of March 31, 2022	250,347,345	\$ 3,024	\$ 8,541,022	\$ (273,320)	\$ (25,687)	\$ 6,408,091	\$ 14,653,130	\$ 76,648	\$ 14,729,778
Dividends paid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(462)	(462)
Ordinary shares issued, net of tax withholdings	—	—	(21,570)	13,674	—	(6,123)	(14,019)	—	(14,019)
Share-based compensation	—	—	26,879	—	—	—	26,879	—	26,879
Total comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	28,613	339,826	368,439	736	369,175
Balance as of June 30, 2022	250,347,345	\$ 3,024	\$ 8,546,331	\$ (259,646)	\$ 2,926	\$ 6,741,794	\$ 15,034,429	\$ 76,922	\$ 15,111,351

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Financial Statements.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity (Continued)
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Number of ordinary shares issued	Ordinary share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury shares	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Accumulated retained earnings	AerCap Holdings N.V. shareholders' equity	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
(U.S. Dollars in thousands, except share data)									
Balance as of December 31, 2022	250,347,345	\$ 3,024	\$ 8,586,034	\$ (254,699)	\$ 108,226	\$ 7,674,922	\$ 16,117,507	\$ 77,543	\$ 16,195,050
Dividends paid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(6,055)	(6,055)
Repurchase of shares	—	—	—	(796,845)	—	—	(796,845)	—	(796,845)
Ordinary shares issued, net of tax withholdings	—	—	(30,410)	25,470	—	(1,916)	(6,856)	—	(6,856)
Share-based compensation	—	—	48,669	—	—	—	48,669	—	48,669
Total comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	24,398	924,999	949,397	7,148	956,545
Balance as of June 30, 2023	250,347,345	\$ 3,024	\$ 8,604,293	\$ (1,026,074)	\$ 132,624	\$ 8,598,005	\$ 16,311,872	\$ 78,636	\$ 16,390,508

	Number of ordinary shares issued	Ordinary share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury shares	Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	Accumulated retained earnings	AerCap Holdings N.V. shareholders' equity	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
(U.S. Dollars in thousands, except share data)									
Balance as of December 31, 2021	250,347,345	\$ 3,024	\$ 8,522,694	\$ (285,901)	\$ (79,335)	\$ 8,410,261	\$ 16,570,743	\$ 76,617	\$ 16,647,360
Dividends paid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(580)	(580)
Repurchase of shares	—	—	—	(1,458)	—	—	(1,458)	—	(1,458)
Ordinary shares issued, net of tax withholdings	—	—	(30,744)	27,713	—	(7,463)	(10,494)	—	(10,494)
Share-based compensation	—	—	54,381	—	—	—	54,381	—	54,381
Total comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	—	82,261	(1,661,004)	(1,578,743)	885	(1,577,858)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	250,347,345	\$ 3,024	\$ 8,546,331	\$ (259,646)	\$ 2,926	\$ 6,741,794	\$ 15,034,429	\$ 76,922	\$ 15,111,351

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Financial Statements.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

1. General

The Company

AerCap Holdings N.V., together with its subsidiaries (“AerCap,” “we,” “us” or the “Company”), is the global leader in aviation leasing, with 2,132 aircraft owned, managed or on order, approximately 1,000 engines (including engines owned and managed by our Shannon Engine Support (“SES”) joint venture), over 300 owned helicopters, and total assets of \$70 billion as of June 30, 2023. Our ordinary shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol AER. Our headquarters is located in Dublin, and we have offices in Shannon, Miami, Singapore, Memphis, Amsterdam, Shanghai, Dubai and other locations. We also have representative offices at the world’s largest aircraft manufacturers, The Boeing Company (“Boeing”) in Seattle and Airbus S.A.S. (“Airbus”) in Toulouse.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements presented herein include the accounts of AerCap Holdings N.V. and its subsidiaries. AerCap Holdings N.V. was incorporated in the Netherlands as a public limited liability company (“*naamloze vennootschap*” or “*N.V.*”) on July 10, 2006.

2. Basis of presentation

General

Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”).

We consolidate all companies in which we have effective control and all variable interest entities (“VIEs”) for which we are deemed the Primary Beneficiary (“PB”) under Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 810. All intercompany balances and transactions with consolidated subsidiaries are eliminated. The results of consolidated entities are included from the effective date of control or, in the case of VIEs, from the date that we are or become the PB. The results of subsidiaries sold or otherwise deconsolidated are excluded from the date that we cease to control the subsidiary or, in the case of VIEs, when we cease to be the PB.

Unconsolidated investments where we have significant influence are reported using the equity method of accounting.

Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are stated in U.S. dollars, which is our functional currency.

Our interim financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and U.S. GAAP for interim financial reporting, and reflect all adjustments that are necessary to fairly state the results for the interim periods presented. Certain information and footnote disclosures required by U.S. GAAP for complete annual financial statements have been omitted and, therefore, our interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2023. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of those for a full fiscal year.

Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals provided and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

2. Basis of presentation (Continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

The use of estimates is or could be a significant factor affecting the reported carrying values of flight equipment, intangible assets, investment in finance leases, net, investments, trade receivables, notes receivables, deferred tax assets, income tax accruals and maintenance liabilities. Actual results may differ from our estimates under different conditions, sometimes materially.

Reportable segments

We manage our business and analyze and report our results of operations on the basis of one business segment: leasing, financing, sales and management of commercial flight equipment.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

Recent accounting standards adopted during the year ended December 31, 2022:

Reference Rate Reform

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update 2020-04, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848) Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting (“Topic 848”). Topic 848 provided temporary optional expedients and exceptions to the U.S. GAAP guidance on contract modifications and hedge accounting to reduce the financial reporting burden in light of the market transition from London Interbank Offered Rates (“LIBOR”) and other reference interest rates to alternative reference rates. During the fourth quarter of 2022, we adopted Topic 848 (effective October 1, 2022). The adoption did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

We have certain debt instruments, derivative contracts, and leases that reference LIBOR. LIBOR is a benchmark interest rate calculated based on information contributed by a panel of large international banks. LIBOR’s administrator announced in March 2021 that it intends to stop publishing the Overnight, one-month, three-month, six-month and 12-month U.S. dollar LIBOR settings after June 30, 2023. In anticipation of that cessation, we commenced the transition of our LIBOR-based instruments, contracts and leases to Secured Overnight Financing Rate (“SOFR” or “Term SOFR”) in October 2022, and expect to conclude the transition by September 30, 2023.

Topic 848 provides several optional expedients that permit an entity not to apply otherwise applicable U.S. GAAP to contracts or transactions modified or otherwise affected due to reference rate reform, provided the conditions for the respective expedients are met. Before we commenced the transition of these instruments, contracts and leases to reference SOFR instead of LIBOR, we applied optional expedients under Topic 848. When we modified those agreements, we applied optional expedients that allowed us to (a) account for the contract modifications as continuations of the existing contracts without further accounting assessment that might otherwise be required and (b) continue cash flow hedging relationships without redesignation when changes are made to hedge documentation, contractual terms of the hedging instrument or forecasted transaction, hedged risk, and effectiveness assessment method.

As of June 30, 2023, we had \$5.8 billion of floating rate debt outstanding linked to a SOFR index, and \$3.1 billion of floating rate debt outstanding linked to three-month U.S. dollar LIBOR. As of June 30, 2023, we had approximately \$3.1 billion notional amount of floating rate derivatives outstanding linked to a SOFR index and \$3.1 billion notional amount of floating rate derivatives outstanding linked to either one-month or three-month U.S. dollar LIBOR.

In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-06, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Deferral of the Sunset Date of Topic 848, which extends the sunset date of Topic 848 from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2024, after which entities will no longer be permitted to apply the optional expedients in Topic 848. The adoption of ASU 2022-06, which was effective upon issuance, has not and is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

4. Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash

Our restricted cash balance was \$163.1 million and \$159.6 million as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and was primarily related to our Export Credit Agency (“ECA”) financings and Export-Import Bank of the United States (“Ex-Im”) financings, our AerFunding revolving credit facility, our Brazilian Development Bank (“BNDES”) financing and other debt. See Note 14—*Debt*.

The following is a summary of our cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,153,922	\$ 1,597,147	\$ 1,229,008
Restricted cash	163,065	159,623	173,441
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 1,316,987	\$ 1,756,770	\$ 1,402,449

5. Flight equipment held for operating leases, net

Movements in flight equipment held for operating leases during the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Net book value at beginning of period	\$ 55,220,809	\$ 57,825,056
Additions	3,153,388	1,707,720
Depreciation	(1,209,646)	(1,197,431)
Disposals and transfers to held for sale	(1,379,574)	(555,939)
Transfers from/to investment in finance leases, net/inventory	(153,942)	(282,133)
Write-offs and impairments (Note 18 and 19)	(26,126)	(3,190,491)
Net book value at end of period	\$ 55,604,909	\$ 54,306,782
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively:	\$ (12,965,931)	\$ (11,702,822)

6. Investment in finance leases, net

Components of investment in finance leases, net as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Future minimum lease payments to be received, net	\$ 1,254,215	\$ 1,299,724
Estimated residual values of leased flight equipment	647,199	630,538
Less: Unearned income	(516,549)	(551,165)
Less: Allowance for credit losses (Note 21)	(11,769)	(23,025)
	\$ 1,373,096	\$ 1,356,072

During the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, we recognized interest income from investment in finance leases, net of \$24.0 million and \$33.8 million, respectively, included in basic lease rents. During the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, we recognized interest income from investment in finance leases, net of \$51.2 million and \$70.8 million, respectively, included in basic lease rents.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

7. Flight equipment held for sale

As of June 30, 2023, flight equipment with a total net book value of \$808.5 million met the held for sale criteria and was classified as flight equipment held for sale in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. Aggregate maintenance and security deposit amounts received from the lessees of approximately \$49.4 million will be assumed by the buyers of these aircraft upon consummation of the individual sales transactions.

As of December 31, 2022, flight equipment with a total net book value of \$292.8 million met the held for sale criteria and was classified as flight equipment held for sale in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

8. Intangibles

Maintenance rights and lease premium, net

Maintenance rights and lease premium, net consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>
Maintenance rights	\$ 2,254,960	\$ 2,540,286
Lease premium, net	722,769	824,167
	<u>\$ 2,977,729</u>	<u>\$ 3,364,453</u>

Movements in maintenance rights during the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Maintenance rights at beginning of period	\$ 2,540,286	\$ 3,292,007
EOL and MR contract maintenance rights expense	(140,686)	(166,512) (a)
MR contract maintenance rights write-off due to maintenance liability release	(16,594)	(242,142) (a)
EOL contract maintenance rights write-off due to cash received	(57,541)	(65,506)
EOL and MR contract maintenance rights write-off due to sale of aircraft	(70,505)	(2,333)
Maintenance rights at end of period	<u>\$ 2,254,960</u>	<u>\$ 2,815,514</u>

(a) EOL and MR contract maintenance rights expense and MR contract maintenance rights write-off due to maintenance liability release for the six months ended June 30, 2022 included amounts related to the Ukraine Conflict. Refer to Note 18—*Net charges related to Ukraine Conflict* for further details.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

8. Intangibles (Continued)

The following tables present details of lease premium assets and related accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023		
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Lease premium	\$ 1,018,409	\$ (295,640)	\$ 722,769

	December 31, 2022		
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Lease premium	\$ 1,044,915	\$ (220,748)	\$ 824,167

Lease premium assets that are fully amortized are removed from the gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization columns in the tables above.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, we recorded amortization expense for lease premium assets of \$44.2 million and \$90.4 million, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, we recorded amortization expense for lease premium assets of \$56.5 million and \$118.3 million, respectively.

Other intangibles

Other intangibles consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Customer relationships, net	\$ 166,647	\$ 177,235
Other intangible assets	7,517	7,975
	\$ 174,164	\$ 185,210

The following tables present details of customer relationships and related accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023		
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Customer relationships	\$ 360,000	\$ (193,353)	\$ 166,647

	December 31, 2022		
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Customer relationships	\$ 360,000	\$ (182,765)	\$ 177,235

During the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, we recorded amortization expense for customer relationships of \$5.3 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, we recorded amortization expense for customer relationships of \$10.6 million.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

9. Associated companies

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, associated companies accounted for under the equity method of accounting consisted of the following:

	% Ownership as of June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Shannon Engine Support	50.0	\$ 702,053	\$ 634,701
AerDragon Aviation Partners Limited and its Subsidiaries ("AerDragon")	16.7	88,179	88,240
Other	5.7-39.3	80,080	88,278
		\$ 870,312	\$ 811,219

10. Other assets

Other assets consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Straight-line rents, prepaid expenses and other	\$ 769,723	\$ 715,751
Notes receivable, net of allowance for credit losses (a) (b)	497,280	486,223
Loans receivable, net of allowance for credit losses (c)	449,310	351,357
Derivative assets (Note 11)	220,597	211,993
Lease incentives	158,927	163,683
Investments	98,159	62,519
Inventory	72,584	55,868
Operating lease right of use assets, net	70,551	81,952
Other receivables, net	498,522	461,093
	\$ 2,835,653	\$ 2,590,439

- (a) Notes receivable as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 included \$484 million and \$459 million, respectively, related to agreements we have executed with customers to reschedule certain lease payments under our leases that are due at the reporting dates. Notes receivable as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 also included \$13 million and \$27 million, respectively, related to aircraft sale and other transactions.
- (b) As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, we had \$86 million and \$111 million, respectively, allowance for credit losses on notes receivable. Refer to Note 21—*Allowance for credit losses* for further details.
- (c) As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, we had \$2 million and \$4 million, respectively, allowance for credit losses on loans receivable. Refer to Note 21—*Allowance for credit losses* for further details. During the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, we recognized interest income from loans receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$14 million and \$13 million, respectively, included in other income.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

11. Derivative financial instruments

We have entered into interest rate derivatives to hedge the current and future interest rate payments on our variable rate debt. These derivative financial instruments can include interest rate swaps, caps, floors, treasury locks, options and forward contracts.

As of June 30, 2023, we had interest rate caps and swaps outstanding, with underlying variable benchmark interest rates ranging from Term SOFR to one to three-month U.S. dollar LIBOR, as applicable.

Since October 2022, we have transitioned our longer-dated derivative instruments from LIBOR to Term SOFR, and expect to conclude the transition by September 30, 2023. We applied an optional expedient under Topic 848 that allowed us to account for the contract modifications as a continuation of the existing contracts, and to continue cash flow hedging relationships without dedesignation.

Some of our agreements with derivative counterparties require a two-way cash collateralization of derivative fair values. As of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, we had cash collateral of \$3.7 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, from various counterparties and the obligation to return such collateral was recorded in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities. We had not advanced any cash collateral to counterparties as of June 30, 2023 or December 31, 2022.

The counterparties to our interest rate derivatives are primarily major international financial institutions. We continually monitor our positions and the credit ratings of the counterparties involved and limit the amount of credit exposure to any one party. We could be exposed to potential losses due to the credit risk of non-performance by these counterparties. We have not experienced any material losses to date.

Our derivative assets are recorded in other assets and our derivative liabilities are recorded in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The following tables present notional amounts and fair values of derivatives outstanding as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
	Notional amount (a)	Fair value	Notional amount (a)	Fair value
Derivative assets not designated as accounting cash flow hedges:				
Interest rate contracts	\$ 1,575,000	\$ 65,883	\$ 1,727,500	\$ 76,639
Derivative assets designated as accounting cash flow hedges:				
Interest rate contracts	\$ 4,475,000	\$ 154,714	\$ 3,641,000	\$ 135,354
Total derivative assets		\$ 220,597		\$ 211,993

(a) The notional amount is excluded for interest rate contracts which are not yet effective.

	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
	Notional amount (a)	Fair value	Notional amount (a)	Fair value
Derivative liabilities designated as accounting cash flow hedges:				
Interest rate contracts	\$ 150,000	\$ 417	\$ —	\$ —
Total derivative liabilities		\$ 417		\$ —

(a) The notional amount is excluded for interest rate contracts which are not yet effective.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

11. Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

We recorded the following in other comprehensive gain or loss related to derivative financial instruments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Gain				
Effective portion of change in fair market value of derivatives designated as accounting cash flow hedges:				
Interest rate contracts	\$ 58,408	\$ 31,527	\$ 20,854	\$ 91,672
Derivative premium and amortization	4,321	1,174	5,982	2,341
Income tax effect	(8,544)	(4,088)	(4,217)	(11,752)
Net gain on derivatives, net of tax	\$ 54,185	\$ 28,613	\$ 22,619	\$ 82,261

We expect to reclassify approximately \$87 million from accumulated other comprehensive income (“AOCI”) as a reduction in interest expense in our Condensed Consolidated Income Statements over the next 12 months.

The following table presents the effect of derivatives recorded in interest expense in our Condensed Consolidated Income Statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Gain (Loss)				
Derivatives not designated as accounting hedges:				
Interest rate contracts	\$ 2,874	\$ 3,239	\$ (10,757)	\$ 39,309
Reclassification to Condensed Consolidated Income Statements:				
Reclassification of amounts previously recorded within AOCI	29,348	(10,781)	47,005	(30,072)
Gain (loss) recognized in interest expense	\$ 32,222	\$ (7,542)	\$ 36,248	\$ 9,237

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

12. Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities

Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>
Deferred revenue	\$ 582,814	\$ 547,662
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	475,288	475,166
Accrued interest	313,935	336,910
Operating lease liabilities	132,064	135,215
Derivative liabilities (Note 11)	417	—
	<u>\$ 1,504,518</u>	<u>\$ 1,494,953</u>

13. Accrued maintenance liability

Movements in accrued maintenance liability during the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Accrued maintenance liability at beginning of period	\$ 2,503,202	\$ 2,900,651
Maintenance payments received	378,292	353,522
Maintenance payments returned	(109,522)	(172,570)
Release to income upon sale	(66,418)	(14,079)
Release to income other than upon sale	(145,006)	(698,429) (a)
Lessor contribution, top-ups and other	6,559	(53,627) (a)
Accrued maintenance liability at end of period	<u>\$ 2,567,107</u>	<u>\$ 2,315,468</u>

(a) Accrued maintenance liability released to income other than upon sale and lessor contribution, top-ups and other for the six months ended June 30, 2022 included amounts related to the Ukraine Conflict. Refer to Note 18—*Net charges related to Ukraine Conflict* for further details.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

14. Debt

As of June 30, 2023, the principal amount of our outstanding indebtedness totaled \$46.5 billion, which excluded debt issuance costs, debt discounts and debt premium of \$256 million, and our undrawn lines of credit were \$11.3 billion, availability of which is subject to certain conditions, including compliance with certain financial covenants. As of June 30, 2023, we remained in compliance with the financial covenants across our various debt obligations.

The following table provides a summary of our indebtedness as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

Debt obligation	June 30, 2023						December 31, 2022
	Collateral (number of aircraft and helicopters)	Commitment	Undrawn amounts	Amount outstanding	Weighted average interest rate (a)	Maturity	Amount outstanding
Unsecured							
AerCap Trust (b) & AICDC (c) Notes		\$ 32,100,000	\$ —	\$ 32,100,000	3.06 %	2041	\$ 32,700,000
Revolving credit facilities (d)		9,300,000	9,300,000	—	—	2027	—
Other unsecured debt		2,124,500	—	2,124,500	6.58 %	2026	2,010,500
TOTAL UNSECURED		\$ 43,524,500	\$ 9,300,000	\$ 34,224,500			\$ 34,710,500
Secured							
Export credit facilities (e)	36	953,844	—	953,844	2.12 %	2033	1,058,269
Institutional secured term loans & secured portfolio loans	270	8,277,116	710,500	7,566,616	6.07 %	2032	7,499,339
AerFunding Revolving Credit Facility	39	2,075,000	991,231	1,083,769	7.20 %	2027	717,558
Other secured debt (f)	14	727,467	295,569	431,898	5.58 %	2039	537,232
<i>Fair value adjustment</i>		—	—	1,459			1,778
TOTAL SECURED		\$ 12,033,427	\$ 1,997,300	\$ 10,037,586			\$ 9,814,176
Subordinated							
Subordinated Notes		2,250,000	—	2,250,000	6.59 %	2079	2,250,000
Subordinated debt issued by VIEs		—	—	—	—	—	27,219
<i>Fair value adjustment</i>		—	—	—			(212)
TOTAL SUBORDINATED		\$ 2,250,000	\$ —	\$ 2,250,000			\$ 2,277,007
Debt issuance costs, debt discounts and debt premium				(256,243)			(268,723)
	359	\$ 57,807,927	\$ 11,297,300	\$ 46,255,843			\$ 46,532,960

(a) The weighted average interest rate for our floating rate debt of \$9.8 billion is calculated based on the applicable U.S. dollar LIBOR or SOFR rate, as applicable, as of the most recent interest payment date of the respective debt, and excludes the impact of related derivative financial instruments which we hold to hedge our exposure to floating interest rates, as well as any amortization of debt issuance costs, debt discounts and debt premium. The institutional secured term loans and secured portfolio loans also contain base rate interest alternatives.

(b) AerCap Global Aviation Trust, a Delaware Statutory Trust (“AerCap Trust”).

(c) AerCap Ireland Capital Designated Activity Company, a designated activity company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of Ireland (“AICDC”).

(d) Asia Revolver and Citi Revolvers (the “Revolving credit facilities”).

(e) An additional \$0.8 billion of commitment has been approved by the Export Credit Agencies, subject to customary conditions at drawdown.

(f) In addition to the 14 aircraft, 68 engines are pledged as collateral.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

14. Debt (Continued)

Additional details of the principal terms of our indebtedness can be found in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2023. The material changes to our indebtedness since the filing of that report, except for scheduled repayments, are described below.

Revolving credit facilities

In March 2014, AICDC entered into a senior unsecured revolving credit facility (the “Citi Revolver I”) which was subsequently upsized and amended. In February 2023, AICDC extended the Citi Revolver I, extending its maturity to February 2027.

In March 2021, AerCap and AICDC entered into a \$4.35 billion unsecured revolving credit agreement (the “Citi Revolver II”). In 2021, the Citi Revolver I was amended such that the terms of both the Citi Revolver I and the Citi Revolver II are the same (the “Citi Revolvers”). In February 2023, the terms of the Citi Revolvers were amended to replace LIBOR with Term SOFR as the relevant reference rate.

Secured portfolio loans

In March 2023, we entered into a \$900 million secured facility agreement with a syndicate of lenders and Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank, as administrative agent, and a maturity of November 29, 2030.

AerCap Trust and AICDC Notes

In February 2023, AerCap Trust and AICDC completed the redemption of all \$600 million outstanding aggregate principal amount of their 4.125% Senior Notes due 2023.

In June 2023, AerCap Trust and AICDC co-issued \$1 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.75% senior unsecured notes due 2028.

In June 2023, AerCap Trust and AICDC redeemed \$1 billion aggregate principal amount of their then-outstanding \$1.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 4.50% Senior Notes due 2023.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

15. Income taxes

Our effective tax rate was 14.1% and 14.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively and 14.0% and 11.9% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we recorded \$341 million of income tax benefit due to the recognition of net charges related to the Ukraine Conflict. See Note 18—*Net charges related to Ukraine Conflict*. The effective tax rate is impacted by the source and amount of earnings among our various tax jurisdictions, permanent tax differences relative to pre-tax income or loss, and certain other discrete items. Our effective tax rate in any period can be impacted by revisions to the estimated full year rate.

16. Equity

The following table presents our share repurchase programs approved by our Board of Directors from January 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023:

Program approval date	Program end date	Authorized amount	Program completion date
March 2023	September 30, 2023	\$ 500,000	March 13, 2023
April 2023	September 30, 2023	500,000	Not yet completed

On March 13, 2023, we repurchased an aggregate of 8,788,890 of our ordinary shares from General Electric (“GE”) under our share repurchase program at a price of \$56.89 per ordinary share.

On March 13, 2023, we announced the completion of an underwritten secondary offering (the “Secondary Offering”) of 23,000,000 AerCap ordinary shares by GE at a price to the public of \$58.50 per ordinary share.

During the three months ended June 30, 2023, we repurchased an aggregate of 5,057,892 of our ordinary shares under our share repurchase program at an average price of \$58.54 per ordinary share, including the repurchase of 1,512,926 of our ordinary shares from GE.

Between July 1, 2023 and July 28, 2023, we repurchased an aggregate of 956,824 of our ordinary shares under our share repurchase program at an average price of \$63.85 per ordinary share.

In July 2023, our Board of Directors approved a new share repurchase program authorizing total repurchases of up to \$500 million of AerCap ordinary shares through December 31, 2023. Refer to Note 27—*Subsequent events* for further details.

17. Other income

Other income consisted of the following for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, and 2022:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest and other income	\$ 31,394	\$ 21,657	\$ 63,072	\$ 58,650
Management fees	8,367	10,179	17,482	20,376
Proceeds from unsecured claims	1,329	39,352	2,913	39,352
	<u>\$ 41,090</u>	<u>\$ 71,188</u>	<u>\$ 83,467</u>	<u>\$ 118,378</u>

Approximately \$39 million of sale proceeds related to the sale of unsecured claims was recognized in other income during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

18. Net charges related to Ukraine Conflict

On February 24, 2022, Russia launched a large-scale military invasion of Ukraine and has since been engaged in a broad military conflict with Ukraine (the “Ukraine Conflict”). In response to the Ukraine Conflict and ongoing related hostilities, the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom and other countries have imposed broad, far-reaching sanctions against Russia, certain Russian persons and certain activities involving Russia or Russian persons. These sanctions include prohibitions regarding the supply of aircraft and aircraft components to Russian persons or for use in Russia (the “Sanctions”).

In compliance with all applicable sanctions in March 2022, we terminated the leasing of all of our aircraft and engines with Russian airlines. These terminations have resulted in reduced revenues and operating cash flows.

The Ukraine Conflict, the Sanctions and the actions of our former Russian lessees and the Russian government together represent an unusual and infrequent event and therefore the related net charges are classified separately on our Condensed Consolidated Income Statements. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, we recognized a pre-tax net charge of \$2.7 billion to our earnings, comprised of write-offs and impairments of flight equipment, which were partially offset by the derecognition of lease-related assets and liabilities (including maintenance rights and lease premium intangible assets, maintenance liabilities, security deposits and other balances) and the collection of letter of credit proceeds. We recognized a total loss write-off with respect to our assets that remain in Russia and Ukraine, and impairment losses with respect to the assets we have recovered from Russian and Ukrainian airlines. The impairments recognized with respect to assets recovered from Russian and Ukrainian airlines were based on the expected commercial strategy and corresponding cash flow estimates for each asset.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, we recognized recoveries of \$14 million and \$28 million respectively, which primarily consisted of proceeds from letters of credit, other collateral receipts and recoveries in respect of a small number of engines that were on aircraft leased to Russian airlines prior to the Ukraine Conflict and had been located outside of Russia since the start of the Ukraine Conflict.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(U.S. Dollars in millions)			
(Recoveries) write-offs and impairments of flight equipment	\$ (13)	—	\$ (15)	\$ 3,176
Derecognition of lease-related assets and liabilities	—	—	—	(237)
Letters of credit receipts and other collections	(1)	—	(13)	(210)
Net (recoveries) charges related to Ukraine Conflict	\$ (14)	—	\$ (28)	\$ 2,729

We had letters of credit related to our aircraft and engines leased to Russian airlines as of February 24, 2022 of approximately \$260 million, all confirmed by financial institutions in Western Europe. We presented requests for payment to all these institutions. We have received all payments related to these letters of credit.

Our lessees are required to provide insurance coverage with respect to leased aircraft and we are named as insureds under those policies in the event of a total loss of an aircraft or engine. We also purchase contingent and possessed insurance (“C&P Policy”) which provides us with coverage when our flight equipment is not subject to a lease or where a lessee’s policy fails to indemnify us. In March 2022, we submitted an insurance claim for approximately \$3.5 billion under our C&P Policy with respect to 135 aircraft and 14 engines which had been on lease to Russian airlines at the time of the invasion of Ukraine, the vast majority of which remain in Russia. In June 2022, we commenced legal proceedings in London, England to recover up to \$3.5 billion in connection with our previously submitted claim under the C&P Policy. Refer to Note 25—*Commitments and Contingencies* for further details.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

18. Net charges related to Ukraine Conflict (Continued)

In parallel, during the year ended December 31, 2022, we submitted claims as an additional insured under the Russian airlines' insurance policies. Our efforts to recover from the airlines' Russian insurers and their reinsurers continue and in June 2023, we commenced legal proceedings in London, England against various reinsurers of the Russian airlines' insurance policies in the aggregate amount of approximately \$4.1 billion with respect to the aircraft and engines lost in Russia. Refer to Note 25—*Commitments and Contingencies* for further details.

The collection, timing and amount of any potential recoveries under our C&P Policy and under the airlines' insurance and reinsurance policies are uncertain. We have not recognized any claim receivables in respect of our claims under our C&P Policy and under the Russian airlines' insurance and reinsurance policies as of June 30, 2023.

In November 2022, we submitted an insurance claim under a Ukrainian airline's insurance and reinsurance policies for approximately \$97 million for the loss of one aircraft which remains in Ukraine. In January 2023, we submitted an insurance claim under our C&P Policy for the same aircraft and also submitted an insurance claim under our C&P Policy for our second aircraft which remains in Ukraine. The value of the two claims under our C&P Policy for the two aircraft which remain in Ukraine is approximately \$100 million. We intend to continue to vigorously pursue all insurance claims in respect of the two aircraft which remain in Ukraine. However, the collection, timing and amount of any potential recoveries are uncertain and we have not recognized any claim receivables as of June 30, 2023.

19. Asset impairment

Our long-lived assets include flight equipment held for operating lease and definite-lived intangible assets. We test long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. We perform event-driven impairment assessments of our flight equipment held for operating lease each quarter.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, we recognized impairment charges of \$2.1 million and \$36.4 million, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, we recognized impairment charges of \$11.8 million and \$14.2 million, respectively. For all periods mentioned, the impairment charges were primarily related to lease terminations or sales transactions.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the impairment charges were partially offset by maintenance revenue recognized when we retained maintenance-related balances or received EOL compensation. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the impairment charges were largely offset by maintenance revenue recognized when we retained maintenance-related balances or received EOL compensation.

During the three months ended March 31, 2022, we also recognized write-offs and impairments of flight equipment of \$3.2 billion related to the Ukraine Conflict. Please refer to Note 18—*Net charges related to Ukraine Conflict*.

20. Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses consisted of the following for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Personnel expenses	\$ 55,393	\$ 44,795	\$ 103,841	\$ 89,862
Share-based compensation	21,806	26,879	48,669	54,381
Travel expenses	11,830	6,557	22,649	10,621
Professional services	10,110	7,626	19,003	16,567
Office expenses	5,328	7,018	11,770	13,067
Other expenses	15,270	11,997	24,409	17,849
	\$ 119,737	\$ 104,872	\$ 230,341	\$ 202,347

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

21. Allowance for credit losses

Movements in the allowance for credit losses during the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2023			2022	
	Investment in finance leases	Notes receivable	Loans receivable	Total	Total
Allowance for credit losses at beginning of period	\$ 23,025	\$ 110,938	\$ 3,898	\$ 137,861	\$ 117,547
Current period (decrease) increase in provision for expected credit losses	(11,256)	12,357	(2,081)	(980)	75,771
Write-offs charged against the allowance	—	(36,883)	—	(36,883)	(68,171)
Allowance for credit losses at end of period	<u>\$ 11,769</u>	<u>\$ 86,412</u>	<u>\$ 1,817</u>	<u>\$ 99,998</u>	<u>\$ 125,147</u>

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, we decreased our credit provision by \$1.0 million and recognized write-offs charged against the allowance of \$36.9 million with respect to one of our lessees. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we increased our credit provision, classified in Net charges related to Ukraine Conflict by \$75.8 million, primarily reflecting the losses due to the Ukraine Conflict and a specific provision with respect to one of our lessees.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

22. Earnings per share

Basic Earnings Per Share (“EPS”) is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average of our ordinary shares outstanding, which excludes 4,233,182 and 5,032,769 shares of unvested restricted stock as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. In general, for the calculation of diluted EPS, the weighted average of our ordinary shares outstanding for basic EPS is adjusted by the effect of dilutive securities provided under our equity compensation plans. The number of shares excluded from diluted shares outstanding was 28,890 and nil for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively, and 416,567 for the three months ended June 30, 2022. Due to the reported loss for the six months ended June 30, 2022, basic EPS is not adjusted by the effect of dilutive securities. The number of shares under our equity compensation plans which could dilute EPS in the future was 3,253,724 for the six months ended June 30, 2022.

The computation of basic and diluted EPS for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net income (loss) for the computation of basic EPS	\$ 492,894	\$ 339,826	\$ 924,999	\$ (1,661,004)
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding—basic	231,318,582	240,367,450	235,321,261	240,008,449
Basic EPS	\$ 2.13	\$ 1.41	\$ 3.93	\$ (6.92)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net income (loss) for the computation of diluted EPS	\$ 492,894	\$ 339,826	\$ 924,999	\$ (1,661,004)
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding—diluted	232,866,512	242,264,561	237,204,222	240,008,449
Diluted EPS	\$ 2.12	\$ 1.40	\$ 3.90	\$ (6.92)

The computations of ordinary shares outstanding, excluding shares of unvested restricted stock, as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	Number of ordinary shares	
Ordinary shares issued	250,347,345	250,347,345
Treasury shares	(17,841,852)	(4,416,070)
Ordinary shares outstanding	232,505,493	245,931,275
Shares of unvested restricted stock	(4,233,182)	(4,837,602)
Ordinary shares outstanding, excluding shares of unvested restricted stock	228,272,311	241,093,673

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

23. Variable interest entities

We use many forms of entities to achieve our leasing and financing business objectives and we have participated to varying degrees in the design and formation of these entities. Our involvement in VIEs varies and includes being a passive investor in the VIE with involvement from other parties, managing and structuring all of the VIE's activities, or being the sole shareholder of the VIE.

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, we did not provide any financial support to any of our VIEs that we were not contractually obligated to provide.

Consolidated VIEs

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, substantially all assets and liabilities presented in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets were held in consolidated VIEs.

We have determined that we are the PB of these entities because we control and manage all aspects of these entities, including directing the activities that most significantly affect the entities' economic performance, absorb the majority of the risks and rewards of these entities and guarantee the activities of these entities.

The assets of our consolidated VIEs that can only be used to settle obligations of these entities, and the liabilities of these VIEs for which creditors do not have recourse to our general credit, are disclosed in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets under *Supplemental balance sheet information*. Further details of debt held by our consolidated VIEs are disclosed in Note 14—*Debt*.

Wholly-owned ECA and Ex-Im financing vehicles

We have created certain wholly-owned subsidiaries for the purpose of purchasing flight equipment and obtaining financing secured by such flight equipment. The secured debt is guaranteed by the European ECAs and the Export-Import Bank of the United States. These entities meet the definition of a VIE because they do not have sufficient equity to operate without subordinated financial support from us in the form of intercompany notes.

Other secured financings

We have created a number of wholly-owned subsidiaries for the purpose of obtaining secured financings. These entities meet the definition of a VIE because they do not have sufficient equity to operate without subordinated financial support from us in the form of intercompany notes.

Wholly-owned leasing entities

We have created wholly-owned subsidiaries for the purpose of facilitating aircraft leases with airlines. These entities meet the definition of a VIE because they do not have sufficient equity to operate without subordinated financial support from us in the form of intercompany notes, which serve as equity.

Limited recourse financing structures

We have established entities to obtain secured financings for the purchase of aircraft in which we have variable interests. These entities meet the definition of a VIE because they do not have sufficient equity to operate without subordinated financial support from us in the form of intercompany notes. The loans of these entities are non-recourse to us except under limited circumstances. During the three months ended June 30, 2023, we completed the sale of our variable interests in certain entities to our joint venture partner. As of June 30, 2023, we had no remaining subordinated debt issued by VIEs.

AerFunding

We hold a 5% equity investment and 100% of the subordinated notes ("AerFunding Class E-1 Notes") in AerFunding.

As of June 30, 2023, AerFunding had \$1.1 billion outstanding under a secured revolving credit facility and \$2.0 billion of AerFunding Class E-1 Notes outstanding due to us.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

23. Variable interest entities (Continued)

Non-consolidated VIEs

Non-consolidated VIEs are investments in which we have determined that we do not have control and are not the PB. We do have significant influence and, accordingly, we account for our investments in non-consolidated VIEs under the equity method of accounting.

The following table presents our maximum exposure to loss in non-consolidated VIEs as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>		<u>December 31, 2022</u>
Carrying value of debt and equity investments	\$	116,166	\$ 118,403

The maximum exposure to loss represents the amount that would be absorbed by us in the event that all of our assets held in the VIEs, for which we are not the PB, had no value.

Other variable interest entities

We have variable interests in other entities in which we have determined we are not the PB because we do not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly affect the entities' economic performance.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

24. Related party transactions

GE

AerCap completed the acquisition of GE Capital Aviation Services (“GECAS”) from GE (“the GECAS Transaction”) on November 1, 2021 (the “Closing Date”). Immediately following the completion of the GECAS Transaction, GE held approximately 46% of AerCap’s issued and outstanding ordinary shares. Consequently, GE became a related party on the Closing Date of the GECAS Transaction. We may purchase, sell or lease flight equipment from/to GE.

On March 13, 2023, we announced the completion of an underwritten secondary offering (the “Secondary Offering”) of 23,000,000 AerCap ordinary shares by GE at a price to the public of \$58.50 per ordinary share, and completed the repurchase of 8,788,890 of our ordinary shares from GE for \$500 million. During the three months ended June 30, 2023, we repurchased an aggregate of 1,512,926 of our ordinary shares from GE at an average price of \$58.96 per ordinary share. Refer to Note 16—*Equity* for further details.

As of June 30, 2023, GE held approximately 33.6% of our issued and outstanding ordinary shares.

The following table presents amounts recognized in respect of our purchases, sales and leasing of flight equipment from/to GE for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(U.S. Dollars in millions)			
Purchases from GE	\$ 66	\$ 12	\$ 119	\$ 16
Sales to GE	10	11	24	11
Rental income from engines on lease to GE	39	35	79	67

As of June 30, 2023, AerCap had an outstanding payable balance of \$14 million and a receivable balance of \$3 million with GE. As of December 31, 2022, AerCap had an outstanding payable balance of \$9 million with GE.

Equity Method Investments

SES

SES is a 50% joint venture and is considered a related party. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, we recognized lease rental income from SES of \$34 million and \$62 million, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, we recognized lease rental income from SES of \$18 million and \$35 million, respectively.

Other related parties

The following table presents amounts received from other related parties as detailed in Note 9—*Associated companies* for management fees and dividends for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Management fees and other	\$ 2,571	\$ 3,875	\$ 5,580	\$ 9,190
Dividends	5,310	18,852	7,823	26,010
	\$ 7,881	\$ 22,727	\$ 13,403	\$ 35,200

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

25. Commitments and contingencies

Flight equipment on order

As of June 30, 2023, we had commitments to purchase 399 new aircraft scheduled for delivery through 2028. These commitments are based upon purchase agreements with Boeing, Airbus and Embraer S.A. (“Embraer”). These agreements establish the pricing formulas (including adjustments for certain contractual escalation provisions) and various other terms with respect to the purchase of aircraft. Under certain circumstances, we have the right to alter the mix of aircraft types ultimately acquired. As of June 30, 2023, we also had commitments to purchase 11 engines and 16 new helicopters for delivery through 2025.

Prepayments on flight equipment include prepayments of our forward order flight equipment and other balances held by the flight equipment manufacturers. Movements in prepayments on flight equipment during the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023	2022
Prepayments on flight equipment at beginning of period	\$ 3,806,602	\$ 4,586,848
Prepayments and additions during the period, net	742,076	361,702
Interest paid and capitalized during the period	60,826	45,376
Prepayments and capitalized interest applied to the purchase of flight equipment	(911,686)	(364,980)
Prepayments on flight equipment at end of period	\$ 3,697,818	\$ 4,628,946

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

25. Commitments and contingencies (Continued)

Legal proceedings

General

In the ordinary course of our business, we are a party to various legal actions, which we believe are incidental to the operations of our business. The Company regularly reviews the possible outcome of such legal actions, and accrues for such legal actions at the time a loss is probable and the amount of the loss can be estimated. In addition, the Company also reviews indemnities and insurance coverage, where applicable. Based on information currently available, we believe the potential outcome of those cases where we are able to estimate reasonably possible losses, and our estimate of the reasonably possible losses exceeding amounts already recognized, on an aggregated basis, is immaterial to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Contingent and Possessed Insurance Policy Litigation

During the year ended December 31, 2022, we submitted an insurance claim for approximately \$3.5 billion under our contingent and possessed insurance policy (the “C&P Policy”) with respect to 135 aircraft and 14 engines which had been on lease to Russian airlines at the time of the invasion of Ukraine, the vast majority of which remain in Russia.

On June 9, 2022, AerCap Ireland Limited (“AerCap Ireland”) (as representative claimant on its own behalf and on behalf of all other insureds under the C&P Policy) commenced a claim in the Commercial Court in London, England (i) in the amount of approximately \$3.5 billion against AIG Europe S.A. (on its own behalf and on behalf of all underwriters subscribing to the Aircraft Hull and Spares and Equipment Coverage section of the C&P Policy) and (ii) in the alternative, in the amount of \$1.2 billion against Lloyds Insurance Company S.A. (on its own behalf and on behalf of all underwriters subscribing to the Aviation “War and Allied Perils” Coverage section of the C&P Policy), in respect of AerCap’s aircraft and engines lost in Russia. Fidelis Insurance Ireland DAC, Swiss Re International SE and Chubb European Group SE have each been joined as a defendant to the action since January 2023 and are no longer represented by AIG Europe S.A. or Lloyds Insurance Company S.A for their respective interests under the C&P Policy. The trial is scheduled to commence in October 2024.

In parallel to the C&P Policy claim, during the quarter ended June 30, 2023, AerCap Ireland and certain affiliates of AerCap Ireland commenced claims in the Commercial Court in London, England in the aggregate amount of approximately \$4.1 billion against various reinsurers under reinsurances policies of the Russian airlines’ insurance policies (the “Operator Reinsurance Policies”) in respect of the aircraft and engines which remain in Russia. Reinsurers have indicated they intend to challenge the jurisdiction of the English courts and the jurisdictional hearing is currently scheduled to take place in February 2024.

We intend to continue to vigorously pursue our claims under the C&P Policy and the Operator Reinsurance Policies. However, the collection, timing and amount of any potential recoveries are uncertain and we have not recognized any claim receivables as of June 30, 2023.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

25. Commitments and contingencies (Continued)

VASP Litigation

We are party to a group of related cases arising from the leasing of 13 aircraft and three spare engines to Viação Aérea de São Paulo (“VASP”), a Brazilian airline. In 1992, VASP defaulted on its lease obligations and we commenced litigation against VASP to repossess our equipment and obtained a preliminary injunction for the repossession and export of 13 aircraft and three spare engines from VASP. We repossessed and exported the aircraft and engines. VASP appealed and, in 1996, the Appellate Court of the State of São Paulo (“TJSP”) ruled that the aircraft and engines should be returned or that VASP could recover proven damages arising from the repossession.

We have defended this case in the Brazilian courts through various motions and appeals. In 2004, the Superior Court of Justice (the “STJ”) dismissed our then-pending appeal. In 2005, we filed an extraordinary appeal with the Federal Supreme Court (the “STF”). On June 24, 2020, the STF reversed its earlier contrary rulings and granted our extraordinary appeal, ordering a new panel of the STJ to review the merits of our challenge against TJSP’s original order. VASP’s final appeal was denied in November 2022 and the case has been returned to the STJ for a ruling on the merits of our original appeal.

In 2006, VASP commenced a related proceeding to calculate the amount of alleged damages owed under the TJSP’s 1996 judgment. In 2017, the court decided that VASP had suffered no damages even if the TJSP’s 1996 judgment regarding liability were affirmed. On April 20, 2018, VASP appealed this decision. We believe, however, and we have been advised, that it is not probable that VASP will ultimately be able to recover damages from us even if VASP prevails on the issue of liability. The outcome of the legal process is, however, uncertain. The ultimate amount of damages, if any, payable to VASP cannot reasonably be estimated at this time. We continue to actively pursue all courses of action that may reasonably be available to us and intend to defend our position vigorously.

In 2006, we brought actions against VASP in English and Irish courts seeking damages arising from the 1992 lease defaults. These actions resulted in judgments by the English court in the aggregate amount of approximately \$40 million plus interest and judgments by the Irish court in the aggregate amount of approximately \$36.9 million, all in our favor. VASP had meanwhile in 2008 been adjudicated as insolvent by a Brazilian bankruptcy court, which commenced bankruptcy proceedings. We have caused the English and Irish judgment to be domesticated in Brazil and submitted them as claims in the bankruptcy proceeding. The bankruptcy court has allowed the claims in the amount of \$40 million in respect of the English judgments and \$24 million in respect of the Irish judgments. We have been advised that it is not probable that VASP’s bankruptcy estate will have funds to pay its creditors but our court-approved claims may be used to offset any damages that VASP might be awarded in the Brazilian courts if for any reason we are not successful in defending ourselves against VASP’s claim for damages.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

25. Commitments and contingencies (Continued)

Transbrasil Litigation

We are party to a group of related actions arising from the leasing of various aircraft and engines to Transbrasil S/A Linhas Areas (“Transbrasil”), a now-defunct Brazilian airline. By 1998, Transbrasil had defaulted on various obligations under its leases with AerCap-related companies (the “AerCap Lessors”), along with other leases it had entered into with General Electric Capital Corporation (“GECC”) and certain of its affiliates (collectively, with GECC, the “GE Lessors”). GECAS was the servicer for all these leases at the time. Subsequently, Transbrasil issued promissory notes (the “Notes”) to the AerCap Lessors and GE Lessors (collectively, the “Lessors”) in connection with restructurings of the leases. Transbrasil defaulted on the Notes and the Lessors individually brought enforcement actions against Transbrasil in 2001 (GECC also filed an action for the involuntary bankruptcy of Transbrasil).

Transbrasil brought a lawsuit against the Lessors in February 2001 (the “Transbrasil Lawsuit”), claiming that the Notes had in fact been paid at the time the Lessors brought the enforcement actions. In 2007, the trial judge ruled in favor of Transbrasil and the Lessors appealed. In April 2010, the appellate court published a judgment (the “2010 Judgment”) rejecting the Lessors’ appeal, ordering them to pay Transbrasil statutory penalties equal to double the face amount of the Notes (plus interest and monetary adjustments) as well as damages for any losses incurred as a result of the attempts to collect on the Notes. The 2010 Judgment provided that the amount of such losses would be calculated in separate proceedings in the trial court (the “Indemnity Claim”). In June 2010, the Lessors filed special appeals before the STJ in Brazil. In October 2013, the STJ granted the special appeals filed by the GE Lessors, effectively reversing the 2010 Judgment in most respects as to all of the Lessors. Transbrasil appealed this order, but the appellate panel in November 2016 rejected Transbrasil’s appeal, preserving the 2013 reversal of the 2010 Judgment. All appeals in respect of the Transbrasil Lawsuit based on the merits of the dispute have now concluded.

However, in July 2011, while the various appeals of the 2010 Judgment were pending, Transbrasil brought three actions for provisional enforcement of the 2010 Judgment (the “Provisional Enforcement Actions”): one to enforce the award of statutory penalties; a second to recover attorneys’ fees related to that award; and a third to enforce the Indemnity Claim. Transbrasil submitted its alleged calculation of statutory penalties, which, according to Transbrasil, amounted to approximately \$210 million in the aggregate against all defendants, including interest and monetary adjustments.

In light of the STJ’s ruling in October 2013, the trial court has ordered the dismissal of the Transbrasil Provisional Enforcement Actions. The TJSP has since affirmed the dismissals of the actions seeking statutory penalties and attorneys’ fees. Lessors’ motion to clarify relating to the dismissal of the Provisional Enforcement Action with respect to the Indemnity Claim remains pending. We believe we have strong arguments to convince the court that Transbrasil suffered no material damage as a result of the defendants’ attempts to collect on the Notes.

The only matters remaining to be resolved are: (i) a motion to clarify relating to the dismissal of a lower court appeal with respect to the Indemnity Claim and (ii) a number of court-mandated legal fee assessments for (a) proofs of claim filed by the Lessors against the Transbrasil bankruptcy estate and (b) various otherwise-concluded enforcement proceedings, including the Provisional Enforcement Proceedings.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

26. Fair value measurements

The Company determines fair value based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It is our policy to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when developing fair value measurements, in accordance with the fair value hierarchy as described below. Where limited or no observable market data exists, fair value measurements for assets and liabilities are primarily based on management's own estimates and are calculated based upon the economic and competitive environment, the characteristics of the asset or liability and other such factors. Therefore, the results may not be realized in actual sale or immediate settlement of the asset or liability.

The degree of judgment used in measuring the fair value of a financial and non-financial asset or liability generally correlates with the level of pricing observability. We classify our fair value measurements based on the observability and significance of the inputs used in making the measurement, as provided below:

Level 1 — Quoted prices available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reported date.

Level 2 — Observable market data. Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets, liabilities (risk adjusted) and market-corroborated inputs, such as market comparables, interest rates, yield curves and other items that allow value to be determined.

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs from our own assumptions about market risk developed based on the best information available, subject to cost-benefit analysis. Inputs may include our own data.

Fair value measurements are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to their fair value measurement.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, our derivative portfolio consisted of interest rate contracts. The fair value of derivatives is based on dealer quotes for identical instruments. We have also considered the credit rating and risk of the counterparty of the derivative contract based on quantitative and qualitative factors. As such, the valuation of these instruments was classified as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, we held investments at fair value of \$95.2 million and \$59.1 million, respectively. The valuation of these investments were primarily classified as Level 1, based on quoted market price.

The following tables present our financial assets and liabilities that we measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
Derivative assets	\$ 220,597	\$ —	\$ 220,597	\$ —
Investments, at fair value	95,234	64,094	—	31,140
Liabilities				
Derivative liabilities	\$ 417	\$ —	\$ 417	\$ —
	December 31, 2022			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
Derivative assets	\$ 211,993	\$ —	\$ 211,993	\$ —
Investments, at fair value	59,081	39,081	—	20,000

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

26. Fair value measurements (Continued)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis

We measure the fair value of our flight equipment and certain definite-lived intangible assets on a non-recurring basis, when U.S. GAAP requires the application of fair value, including when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable.

Additional details of recoverability assessments performed on our flight equipment and certain definite-lived intangible assets are described in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2023.

Management develops the assumptions used in the fair value measurements. Therefore, the fair value measurements of flight equipment and definite-lived intangible assets are classified as Level 3 valuations.

Flight equipment

Inputs to non-recurring fair value measurements categorized as Level 3

We use the income approach to measure the fair value of flight equipment, which is based on the present value of estimated future cash flows. Key inputs to the income statement approach include the discount rate, current contractual lease cash flows, projected future non-contractual lease cash flows, extended to the end of the aircraft's estimated holding period in its highest and best use, and a contractual or estimated disposition value.

The current contractual lease cash flows are based on the in-force lease rates. The projected future non-contractual lease cash flows are estimated based on the aircraft type, age, and the airframe and engine configuration of the aircraft. The projected non-contractual lease cash flows are applied to follow-on lease terms, which are estimated based on the age of the aircraft at the time of re-lease and are assumed through the estimated holding period of the aircraft. The estimated holding period is the period over which future cash flows are assumed to be generated. Shorter holding periods can result when a potential sale or future disassembly of an aircraft for the sale of its parts ("part-out") of an individual aircraft has been contracted for, or is likely. In instances of a potential sale or part-out, the holding period is based on the estimated sale or part-out date. The disposition value is generally estimated based on aircraft type. In situations where the aircraft will be disposed of, the disposition value assumed is based on an estimated part-out value or the contracted sale price.

The estimated future cash flows, as described above, are then discounted to present value. The discount rate used is based on the aircraft type and incorporates assumptions market participants would use regarding the likely debt and equity financing components, and the required returns of those financing components.

The significant unobservable inputs utilized in the fair value measurement of flight equipment are the discount rate and the non-contractual cash flows. The discount rate is affected by movements in the aircraft funding markets, including fluctuations in required rates of return in debt and equity, and loan to value ratios. The non-contractual cash flows represent management's estimate of the non-contractual cash flows over the remaining life of the aircraft. An increase in the discount rate would decrease the fair value measurement of the aircraft, while an increase in the estimated non-contractual cash flows would increase the fair value measurement of the aircraft.

Fair value disclosures of financial instruments

The fair value of restricted cash and cash and cash equivalents approximates their carrying value because of their short-term nature (Level 1). The fair value of our long-term unsecured debt is estimated using quoted market prices for similar or identical instruments, depending on the frequency and volume of activity in the market. The fair value of our long-term secured debt is estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis based on current market interest rates and spreads for debt with similar characteristics (Level 2). Derivatives are recognized in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at their fair value. The fair value of derivatives is based on dealer quotes for identical instruments. We have also considered the credit rating and risk of the counterparties of the derivative contracts based on quantitative and qualitative factors (Level 2).

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

26. Fair value measurements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, we held investments at fair value of \$95.2 million and \$59.1 million, respectively. The valuation of these investments were primarily classified as Level 1, based on quoted market price.

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, loans receivable carried at amortized cost had estimated fair values of \$440.8 million and \$329.7 million, respectively, and were classified as Level 3.

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, notes receivable carried at amortized cost had estimated fair values of \$497.3 million and \$486.2 million, respectively, and were classified as Level 3.

All of our financial instruments are carried at amortized cost, other than our derivatives and investments which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The carrying amounts and fair values of our most significant financial instruments as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	June 30, 2023				
	Carrying value	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,153,922	\$ 1,153,922	\$ 1,153,922	\$ —	\$ —
Restricted cash	163,065	163,065	163,065	—	—
Loans receivable	449,310	440,780	—	—	440,780
Notes receivable	497,280	497,280	—	—	497,280
Derivative assets	220,597	220,597	—	220,597	—
Investments, at fair value	95,234	95,234	64,094	—	31,140
	\$ 2,579,408	\$ 2,570,878	\$ 1,381,081	\$ 220,597	\$ 969,200
Liabilities					
Debt	\$ 46,512,086 (a)	\$ 43,001,959	\$ —	\$ 43,001,959	\$ —
Derivative liabilities	417	417	—	417	—
	\$ 46,512,503	\$ 43,002,376	\$ —	\$ 43,002,376	\$ —

(a) Excludes debt issuance costs, debt discounts and debt premium.

	December 31, 2022				
	Carrying value	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,597,147	\$ 1,597,147	\$ 1,597,147	\$ —	\$ —
Restricted cash	159,623	159,623	159,623	—	—
Loans receivable	351,357	329,650	—	—	329,650
Notes receivable	486,223	486,223	—	—	486,223
Derivative assets	211,993	211,993	—	211,993	—
Investments, at fair value	59,081	59,081	39,081	—	20,000
	\$ 2,865,424	\$ 2,843,717	\$ 1,795,851	\$ 211,993	\$ 835,873
Liabilities					
Debt	\$ 46,801,683 (a)	\$ 42,525,932	\$ —	\$ 42,525,932	\$ —
	\$ 46,801,683	\$ 42,525,932	\$ —	\$ 42,525,932	\$ —

(a) Excludes debt issuance costs, debt discounts and debt premium.

AerCap Holdings N.V. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(U.S. Dollars in thousands or as otherwise stated, except share and per share data)

27. Subsequent events

In July 2023, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program authorizing total repurchases of up to \$500 million of AerCap ordinary shares through December 31, 2023. Repurchases under the program may be made through open market purchases or privately negotiated transactions in accordance with applicable U.S. federal securities laws. The timing of repurchases and the exact number of ordinary shares to be purchased will be determined by the Company's management, in its discretion, and will depend upon market conditions and other factors. The program will be funded using the Company's cash on hand and cash generated from operations. The program may be suspended or discontinued at any time.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read this discussion in conjunction with our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes included in this Interim Report. Our financial statements are presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and are presented in U.S. dollars. Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals provided and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

Special note about forward looking statements

This report includes “forward looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We have based these forward looking statements largely on our current beliefs and projections about future events and financial trends affecting our business. Many important factors, in addition to those discussed in this report, could cause our actual results to differ substantially from those anticipated in our forward looking statements, including, among other things:

- the availability of capital to us and to our customers and changes in interest rates;
- the ability of our lessees and potential lessees to make lease payments to us;
- our ability to successfully negotiate flight equipment (which includes aircraft, engines and helicopters) purchases, sales and leases, to collect outstanding amounts due and to repossess flight equipment under defaulted leases, and to control costs and expenses;
- changes in the overall demand for commercial aviation leasing and aviation asset management services;
- the continued impacts of the Ukraine Conflict, including the resulting sanctions by the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom and other countries, on our business and results of operations, financial condition and cash flows;
- the rate of recovery in air travel related to the Covid-19 pandemic, the aviation industry and global economic conditions; the potential impacts of the pandemic and responsive government actions on our business and results of operations, financial condition and cash flows;
- the effects of terrorist attacks on the aviation industry and on our operations;
- the economic condition of the global airline and cargo industry and economic and political conditions;
- development of increased government regulation, including travel restrictions, regulation of trade and the imposition of import and export controls, tariffs and other trade barriers;
- a downgrade in any of our credit ratings;
- competitive pressures within the industry;
- regulatory changes affecting commercial flight equipment operators, flight equipment maintenance, engine standards, accounting standards and taxes; and
- the risks set forth or referred to in “Part II. Other Information—Item 1A. Risk Factors” included below.

The words “believe,” “may,” “will,” “aim,” “estimate,” “continue,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “expect” and similar words are intended to identify forward looking statements. Forward looking statements include information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations, business strategies, financing plans, competitive position, industry environment, potential growth opportunities, the effects of future regulation and the effects of competition. Forward looking statements speak only as of the date they were made and we undertake no obligation to update publicly or to revise any forward looking statements because of new information, future events or other factors. In light of the risks and uncertainties described above, the forward looking events and circumstances described in this report might not occur and are not guarantees of future performance.

Flight equipment portfolio

We are the global leader in aviation leasing with a portfolio consisting of 3,467 aircraft, engines (including engines owned and managed by our SES joint venture) and helicopters that were owned, on order or managed as of June 30, 2023. We provide a wide range of assets for lease, including narrowbody and widebody aircraft, regional jets, freighters, engines and helicopters. We focus on acquiring in-demand flight equipment at attractive prices, funding them efficiently, hedging interest rate risk prudently and using our platform to deploy these assets with the objective of delivering superior risk-adjusted returns. We believe that by applying our expertise, we will be able to identify and execute on a broad range of market opportunities that we expect will generate attractive returns for our investors. We have the infrastructure, expertise and resources to execute a large number of diverse transactions in a variety of market conditions. Our teams of dedicated marketing and asset trading professionals have been successful in leasing and managing our asset portfolio. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, we executed 467 aviation asset transactions.

Aircraft portfolio

As of June 30, 2023, we owned 1,552 aircraft and we managed 181 aircraft. As of June 30, 2023, we had commitments to purchase 399 new aircraft scheduled for delivery through 2028. As of June 30, 2023, the weighted average age of our 1,552 owned aircraft fleet, weighted by net book value, was 7.3 years. As of June 30, 2023, 1,509 of our 1,552 owned aircraft were on lease and 43 aircraft were off-lease. As of July 26, 2023, of the 43 aircraft, 22 were re-leased or under commitments for re-lease, ten aircraft were designated for sale or part-out (which represented less than 1% of the aggregate net book value of our fleet), nine aircraft were being marketed for re-lease (which represented less than 1% of the aggregate net book value of our fleet) and two aircraft were sold. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 our owned aircraft utilization rate was 98%, calculated based on the number of days each aircraft was on lease, weighted by the net book value of the aircraft. Approximately 1% of our owned aircraft were undergoing or designated for cargo conversion during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and were not calculated as utilized.

The following table presents our aircraft portfolio by type of aircraft as of June 30, 2023:

Aircraft type	Number of owned aircraft	Percentage of total net book value	Number of managed aircraft	Number of on order aircraft	Total owned, managed and on order aircraft
Passenger Aircraft	1,487	97 %	174	399	2,060
Airbus A220 Family	8	1 %	3	14	25
Airbus A320 Family	443	11 %	65	—	508
Airbus A320neo Family	364	33 %	23	193	580
Airbus A330	52	2 %	9	—	61
Airbus A330neo Family	2	—	1	10	13
Airbus A350	41	9 %	6	—	47
Boeing 737 MAX	50	4 %	6	127	183
Boeing 737NG	270	11 %	59	—	329
Boeing 777-200ER	7	—	—	—	7
Boeing 777-300ER	45	4 %	1	—	46
Boeing 787	103	21 %	1	22	126
Embraer E190 / E195 / E2	68	1 %	—	28	96
Other (a)	34	—	—	5	39
Freighter Aircraft	65	3 %	7	—	72
Boeing 737	48	2 %	7	—	55
Boeing 747 / 767 / 777	17	1 %	—	—	17
Total	1,552	100 %	181	399	2,132

(a) Other includes 34 owned aircraft (including five Embraer E170/175 aircraft; seven Boeing 767 aircraft; 19 ATR and De Havilland Canada DHC-8-400 aircraft and three Boeing 757 aircraft) and five regional jet aircraft on order.

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, we had the following activity related to aircraft:

	Held for operating leases	Investment in finance leases, net	Held for sale	Total owned aircraft
Number of owned aircraft at beginning of period	1,422	136	14	1,572
Aircraft purchases (a)	38	—	—	38
Aircraft reclassified to held for sale	(14)	—	14	—
Aircraft sold or designated for part-out (b)	(29)	(16)	(13)	(58)
Aircraft reclassified to/from investment in finance leases, net	(9)	9	—	—
Number of owned aircraft at end of period	1,408	129	15	1,552

(a) Includes 37 new purchases and one used purchase.

(b) Includes 15 aircraft that were reclassified to inventory.

Critical accounting estimates

There have been no significant changes to our critical accounting estimates from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2023.

Comparative results of operations

Results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2023 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2022

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Increase/ (Decrease)
	2023	2022	
(U.S. Dollars in thousands)			
Revenues and other income			
Lease revenue:			
Basic lease rents	\$ 1,561,368	\$ 1,461,526	\$ 99,842
Maintenance rents and other receipts	156,014	102,798	53,216
Total lease revenue	1,717,382	1,564,324	153,058
Net gain on sale of assets	165,909	35,200	130,709
Other income	41,090	71,188	(30,098)
Total Revenues and other income	1,924,381	1,670,712	253,669
Expenses			
Depreciation and amortization	615,604	580,744	34,860
Net recoveries related to Ukraine Conflict	(13,964)	—	(13,964)
Asset impairment	2,098	11,803	(9,705)
Interest expense	427,376	399,994	27,382
Loss on debt extinguishment	790	901	(111)
Leasing expenses	229,238	193,231	36,007
Selling, general and administrative expenses	119,737	104,872	14,865
Transaction and integration-related expenses	—	9,245	(9,245)
Total Expenses	1,380,879	1,300,790	80,089
Loss on investments at fair value	(5,259)	(12,464)	7,205
Income before income taxes and income of investments accounted for under the equity method	538,243	357,458	180,785
Income tax expense	(75,747)	(50,044)	(25,703)
Equity in net earnings of investments accounted for under the equity method	34,374	33,148	1,226
Net income	\$ 496,870	\$ 340,562	\$ 156,308
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	(3,976)	(736)	(3,240)
Net income attributable to AerCap Holdings N.V.	\$ 492,894	\$ 339,826	\$ 153,068

Basic lease rents. The increase in basic lease rents of \$100 million, or 7%, was attributable to:

- the acquisition of assets between April 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023, with an aggregate net book value of \$6.6 billion on their respective acquisition dates, resulting in an increase in basic lease rents of \$117 million; and
- an increase in basic lease rents of \$23 million primarily due to lease transitions and lease restructurings, the accounting for which requires the remaining rental payments to be recorded on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the original lease plus any extension period;

partially offset by

- the sale of assets between April 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023 with an aggregate net book value of \$2.3 billion on their respective sale dates, resulting in a decrease in basic lease rents of \$40 million.

Maintenance rents and other receipts. The increase in maintenance rents and other receipts of \$53 million, or 52%, was attributable to:

- an increase of \$59 million in regular maintenance rents, primarily due to higher EOL compensation and other receipts;

partially offset by

- a decrease of \$6 million in maintenance revenue and other receipts from lease terminations.

Net gain on sale of assets. The increase in net gain on sale of assets of \$131 million was primarily due to the higher volume and composition of asset sales. During the three months ended June 30, 2023, we sold 52 assets for sale proceeds of \$818 million and during the three months ended June 30, 2022, we sold 29 assets for sale proceeds of \$386 million.

Other income. The decrease in other income of \$30 million was primarily due to lower proceeds from unsecured claims. During the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, we recognized \$1 million and \$39 million, respectively, related to the proceeds from unsecured claims.

Depreciation and amortization. The increase in depreciation and amortization of \$35 million, or 6%, was primarily due to a higher average lease assets balance during the three months ended June 30, 2023 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2022.

Net recoveries related to Ukraine Conflict. During the three months ended June 30, 2023, we recognized recoveries of \$14 million, primarily related to a small number of engines that were on aircraft leased to Russian airlines prior to the Ukraine Conflict and had been located outside of Russia since the start of the Ukraine Conflict.

Asset impairment. For the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, we recognized asset impairment charges of \$2 million and \$12 million respectively, primarily related to lease terminations or sales transactions where we retained maintenance-related balances or received EOL compensation.

Interest expense. The increase in interest expense of \$27 million, or 7%, was primarily attributable to:

- a \$45 million increase in interest expense due to an increase in the average cost of debt for the three months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2022. The average cost of debt, excluding the effect of mark-to-market movements on interest rate caps and swaps, debt issuance costs, upfront fees and other impacts, was 3.4% during the three months ended June 30, 2023, compared to 3.0% during the three months ended June 30, 2022. Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Non-GAAP measures and metrics” for further information on our average cost of debt;

partially offset by

- a \$2.2 billion decrease in the average outstanding debt balance to \$46.6 billion during the three months ended June 30, 2023 from \$48.8 billion during the three months ended June 30, 2022, resulting in a \$18 million decrease in interest expense.

Leasing expenses. The increase in leasing expenses of \$36 million was primarily due to \$36 million of higher maintenance rights asset amortization and \$12 million of higher lessor maintenance contributions and other leasing expenses, partially offset by \$12 million of lower expenses primarily related to flight equipment transition costs and airline defaults.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses of \$15 million, or 14%, was primarily due to higher personnel and travel-related expenses.

Income tax expense. The effective tax rate was 14.1% and 14.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The effective tax rate is impacted by the source and amount of earnings among our different tax jurisdictions as well as the amount of permanent tax differences relative to pre-tax income or loss, as well as certain discrete items. The effective tax rate in any period can be impacted by revisions to the estimated full year.

Results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2023 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2022

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase/ (Decrease)
	2023	2022	
(U.S. Dollars in thousands)			
Revenues and other income			
Lease revenue:			
Basic lease rents	\$ 3,098,031	\$ 3,015,172	\$ 82,859
Maintenance rents and other receipts	343,156	288,693	54,463
Total lease revenue	3,441,187	3,303,865	137,322
Net gain on sale of assets	265,449	38,485	226,964
Other income	83,467	118,378	(34,911)
Total Revenues and other income	3,790,103	3,460,728	329,375
Expenses			
Depreciation and amortization	1,226,121	1,215,158	10,963
Net (recoveries) charges related to Ukraine Conflict	(28,072)	2,728,718	(2,756,790)
Asset impairment	36,433	14,228	22,205
Interest expense	863,598	780,779	82,819
Loss on debt extinguishment	3,851	2,041	1,810
Leasing expenses	455,247	401,286	53,961
Selling, general and administrative expenses	230,341	202,347	27,994
Transaction and integration-related expenses	—	26,633	(26,633)
Total Expenses	2,787,519	5,371,190	(2,583,671)
Gain (loss) on investments at fair value	3,986	(12,351)	16,337
Income (loss) before income taxes and income of investments accounted for under the equity method	1,006,570	(1,922,813)	2,929,383
Income tax (expense) benefit	(141,341)	228,263	(369,604)
Equity in net earnings of investments accounted for under the equity method	66,918	34,431	32,487
Net income (loss)	\$ 932,147	\$ (1,660,119)	\$ 2,592,266
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	(7,148)	(885)	(6,263)
Net income (loss) attributable to AerCap Holdings N.V.	\$ 924,999	\$ (1,661,004)	\$ 2,586,003

Basic lease rents. The increase in basic lease rents of \$83 million, or 3%, was attributable to:

- the acquisition of assets between January 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023, with an aggregate net book value of \$7.7 billion on their respective acquisition dates, resulting in an increase in basic lease rents of \$207 million;

partially offset by

- the sale of assets between January 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023 with an aggregate net book value of \$2.7 billion on their respective sale dates, resulting in a decrease in basic lease rents of \$80 million; and
- a decrease in basic lease rents of \$44 million primarily due to lease terminations related to the Ukraine Conflict, as well as lease transitions and lease restructurings, the accounting for which requires the remaining rental payments to be recorded on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the original lease plus any extension period.

Maintenance rents and other receipts. The increase in maintenance rents and other receipts of \$54 million, or 19%, was attributable to:

- an increase of \$136 million in regular maintenance rents, primarily due to higher EOL compensation and other receipts;

partially offset by

- a decrease of \$82 million in maintenance revenue and other receipts from lease terminations.

Net gain on sale of assets. The increase in net gain on sale of assets of \$227 million was primarily due to the higher volume and composition of asset sales. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, we sold 87 assets for sale proceeds of \$1.5 billion and during the six months ended June 30, 2022, we sold 52 assets for proceeds of \$838 million.

Other income The decrease in other income of \$35 million was primarily due to lower proceeds from unsecured claims. During the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, we recognized \$3 million and \$39 million, respectively, related to the proceeds from unsecured claims.

Net (recoveries) charges related to Ukraine Conflict. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, we recognized net recoveries related to Ukraine Conflict of \$28 million, primarily related to a small number of engines that were on aircraft leased to Russian airlines prior to the Ukraine Conflict and had been located outside of Russia since the start of the Ukraine Conflict. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we recognized a pre-tax net charge of \$2.7 billion to our earnings, comprised of write-offs and impairments of flight equipment, which were partially offset by the derecognition of lease-related assets and liabilities and the collection of letter of credit proceeds. Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)—Note 18—Net charges related to Ukraine Conflict.”

Asset impairment. For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, we recognized asset impairment charges of \$36 million and \$14 million respectively, primarily related to lease terminations or sales transactions where we retained maintenance-related balances or received EOL compensation.

Interest expense. The increase in interest expense of \$83 million, or 11%, was primarily attributable to:

- a \$79 million increase in interest expense due to an increase in the average cost of debt for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2022. The average cost of debt, excluding the effect of mark-to-market movements on interest rate caps and swaps, debt issuance costs, upfront fees and other impacts, was 3.4% during the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared to 3.0% during the six months ended June 30, 2022. Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Non-GAAP measures and metrics” for further information on our average cost of debt; and
- a \$50 million increase in interest expense attributable to movement in mark-to-market on interest rate caps and swaps. For the six months ended June 30, 2023, we recognized a loss of \$11 million related to mark-to-market movements on interest rate caps and swaps, compared to a gain of \$39 million recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2022;

partially offset by

- a \$2.7 billion decrease in the average outstanding debt balance to \$46.6 billion during the six months ended June 30, 2023 from \$49.3 billion during the six months ended June 30, 2022, resulting in a \$46 million decrease in interest expense.

Leasing expenses. The increase in leasing expenses of \$54 million was primarily due to \$65 million of higher maintenance rights asset amortization and \$31 million of higher other leasing expenses, partially offset by \$42 million of lower flight equipment transition costs, lessor maintenance contributions and expenses related to airline defaults.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses of \$28 million, or 14%, was primarily due to higher personnel and travel-related expenses.

Income tax (expense) benefit. The effective tax rate was 14.0% and 11.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we recorded \$341 million of income tax benefit due to the recognition of net charges related to the Ukraine Conflict. Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)—Note 18—*Net charges related to Ukraine Conflict*.” The effective tax rate is impacted by the source and amount of earnings among our different tax jurisdictions as well as the amount of permanent tax differences relative to pre-tax income or loss, as well as certain discrete items. The effective tax rate in any period can be impacted by revisions to the estimated full year rate.

Equity in net earnings of investments accounted for under the equity method. The increase in equity in net earnings of investments accounted for under the equity method of \$32 million was primarily driven by higher earnings from our SES joint venture.

Liquidity and capital resources

The following table presents our consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2023		2022	
	(U.S. Dollars in millions)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,557	\$	2,508
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,251)		(863)
Net cash used in financing activities		(746)		(2,157)

Cash flows provided by operating activities. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, our net cash provided by operating activities of \$2.6 billion was the result of net income of \$932 million, other adjustments to net income of \$1.4 billion consisting primarily of depreciation and amortization, collections of finance leases of \$234 million and the net change in operating assets and liabilities of \$31 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, our net cash provided by operating activities of \$2.5 billion was the result of net loss of \$1.7 billion, other adjustments to net loss of \$4.1 billion and collections of finance leases of \$140 million, partially offset by the net change in operating assets and liabilities of \$59 million.

Cash flows used in investing activities. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, our net cash used in investing activities of \$2.3 billion primarily consisted of cash used for the purchase of and prepayments on flight equipment and other assets of \$3.2 billion, partially offset by cash provided by asset sales of \$945 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, our net cash used in investing activities of \$863 million primarily consisted of cash used for the purchase of and prepayments on flight equipment and other assets of \$1.7 billion, partially offset by cash provided by asset sales of \$796 million.

Cash flows used in financing activities. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, our net cash used in financing activities of \$746 million primarily consisted of cash used for debt repayments, debt issuance and extinguishment costs, net of new financing proceeds and debt premium received of \$298 million, cash used for the repurchase of shares and payments of tax withholdings on share-based compensation of \$790 million and cash used for the payment of dividends to our non-controlling interest holders of \$6 million, partially offset by net cash provided by maintenance payments and security deposits received of \$348 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, our cash used in financing activities of \$2.2 billion primarily consisted of cash used for debt repayments, debt issuance and extinguishment costs, net of new financing proceeds and debt premium received of \$2.3 billion, cash used for the repurchase of shares and payments of tax withholdings on share-based compensation of \$8 million and cash used for the payment of dividends to our non-controlling interest holders of \$1 million, partially offset by net cash provided by maintenance payments and security deposits received of \$189 million.

We have significant capital requirements, including making pre-delivery payments and paying the balance of the purchase price for flight equipment on delivery. As of June 30, 2023, we had commitments to purchase 399 new aircraft scheduled for delivery through 2028. We also had commitments to purchase 11 engines and 16 new helicopters through 2025.

As of June 30, 2023, our cash balance was \$1.3 billion, including unrestricted cash of \$1.2 billion, and we had \$11.3 billion of undrawn lines of credit available under our revolving credit facilities and term loan facilities. As of June 30, 2023, our total available liquidity, including undrawn lines of credit, unrestricted cash, cash flows from contracted asset sales and other sources of funding, was \$13.8 billion and, including estimated operating cash flows for the next 12 months, our total sources of liquidity were \$19 billion. As of June 30, 2023, our existing sources of liquidity were sufficient to operate our business and cover approximately 1.4x of our debt maturities and contracted capital requirements for the next 12 months. As of June 30, 2023, the principal amount of our outstanding indebtedness, which excludes debt issuance costs, debt discounts and debt premium of \$256 million, totaled \$46.5 billion and consisted of senior unsecured, subordinated and senior secured notes, export credit facilities, commercial bank debt, revolving credit debt, securitization debt and capital lease structures. Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)— Note 14—Debt.”

In order to satisfy our contractual purchase obligations, we expect to source new debt financing through access to the capital markets, including the unsecured and secured bond markets, the commercial bank market, export credit and the asset-backed securities market.

In the longer term, we expect to fund the growth of our business, including acquiring flight equipment, through internally generated cash flows, the incurrence of new debt, the refinancing of existing debt and other capital-raising initiatives.

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, our average cost of debt, excluding the effect of mark-to-market movements on our interest rate caps and swaps, debt issuance fees, upfront fees and other impacts was 3.4%. As of June 30, 2023, our adjusted debt to equity ratio was 2.51 to 1. Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Non-GAAP measures and metrics” for further information on our average cost of debt and reconciliations of adjusted debt and adjusted equity to the most closely related U.S. GAAP measures as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Contractual obligations

Our estimated future obligations as of June 30, 2023 include both current and long-term obligations. Our contractual obligations consist of principal and interest payments on debt, executed purchase agreements to purchase flight equipment and rent payments pursuant to our office and facility leases. We intend to fund our contractual obligations through unrestricted cash, lines-of-credit and other borrowings, operating cash flows and cash flows from asset sales. We believe that our sources of liquidity will be sufficient to meet our contractual obligations.

The following table provides details regarding our contractual obligations and their payment dates as of June 30, 2023:

	2023 - remaining	2024	2025	2026	2027	Thereafter	Total
	(U.S. Dollars in millions)						
Unsecured debt facilities	\$ 2,500.0	\$ 6,880.0	\$ 3,650.0	\$ 7,294.5	\$ 1,600.0	\$ 12,300.0	\$ 34,224.5
Secured debt facilities	1,481.8	915.0	2,246.8	1,131.3	1,364.5	2,896.7	10,036.1
Subordinated debt facilities	—	—	—	—	—	2,250.0	2,250.0
Estimated interest payments (a)	884.1	1,619.3	1,444.3	1,153.3	899.0	9,118.7	15,118.7
Purchase obligations (b)	3,663.2	6,972.6	5,197.3	4,001.4	1,179.0	99.3	21,112.8
Operating leases (c)	44.1	47.5	15.2	10.3	10.0	24.3	151.4
Total	\$ 8,573.2	\$ 16,434.4	\$ 12,553.6	\$ 13,590.8	\$ 5,052.5	\$ 26,689.0	\$ 82,893.5

(a) Estimated interest payments for floating rate debt are based on rates as of June 30, 2023 and include the estimated impact of our interest rate swap agreements.

(b) As of June 30, 2023, we had commitments to purchase 399 aircraft (including 15 purchase and leaseback transactions), 11 engines, 16 helicopters and other commitments through 2028. The timing of our purchase obligations is based on current estimates and incorporates expected delivery delays into the table above. In addition, we have the right to reschedule the delivery dates of certain of our aircraft to future dates. Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)—Note 25—Commitments and contingencies for further details on our purchase obligations.

(c) Represents contractual payments on aircraft that we lease from corporate aircraft owners and contractual payments on our office and facility leases.

Off-balance sheet arrangements

We have interests in variable interest entities, some of which are not consolidated into our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)—Note 23—*Variable interest entities*” for a detailed description of these interests and our other off-balance sheet arrangements.

Book value per share

The following table presents our book value per share as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
	(U.S. Dollars in millions, except share and per share data)		
Total AerCap Holdings N.V. shareholders' equity	\$ 16,312	\$ 16,118	\$ 15,034
Ordinary shares issued	250,347,345	250,347,345	250,347,345
Treasury shares	(17,841,852)	(4,416,070)	(4,498,988)
Ordinary shares outstanding	232,505,493	245,931,275	245,848,357
Shares of unvested restricted stock	(4,233,182)	(4,837,602)	(5,032,769)
Ordinary shares outstanding, excluding shares of unvested restricted stock	228,272,311	241,093,673	240,815,588
Book value per ordinary share outstanding, excluding shares of unvested restricted stock	\$ 71.46	\$ 66.85	\$ 62.43

Non-GAAP measures and metrics

The following are definitions of our non-GAAP measures and metrics and a reconciliation of such measures to the most closely related U.S. GAAP measures for the six months ended June 30, 2023. We believe these measures and metrics may further assist investors in their understanding of our performance and the changes and trends related to our earnings. These measures and metrics should not be viewed in isolation and should only be used in conjunction with and as a supplement to our U.S. GAAP financial measures. Non-GAAP measures and metrics are not uniformly defined by all companies, including those in our industry, and so this additional information may not be comparable with similarly-titled measures, metrics and disclosures by other companies.

Adjusted debt to equity ratio

This measure is the ratio obtained by dividing adjusted debt by adjusted equity. Adjusted debt means consolidated total debt less cash and cash equivalents, and less a 50% equity credit with respect to certain long-term subordinated debt. Adjusted equity means total equity, plus the 50% equity credit relating to the long-term subordinated debt. Adjusted debt and adjusted equity are adjusted by the 50% equity credit to reflect the equity nature of those financing arrangements and to provide information that is consistent with definitions under certain of our debt covenants. We believe this measure may further assist investors in their understanding of our capital structure and leverage.

The following is a reconciliation of debt to adjusted debt and equity to adjusted equity as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(U.S. Dollars in millions, except debt/equity ratio)	
Debt	\$ 46,256	\$ 46,533
Adjusted for:		
Cash and cash equivalents	(1,154)	(1,597)
50% credit for long-term subordinated debt	(1,125)	(1,125)
Adjusted debt	\$ 43,977	\$ 43,811
Equity	\$ 16,391	\$ 16,195
Adjusted for:		
50% credit for long-term subordinated debt	1,125	1,125
Adjusted equity	\$ 17,516	\$ 17,320
Adjusted debt/equity ratio	2.51 to 1	2.53 to 1

Average cost of debt

Average cost of debt is calculated as interest expense, excluding mark-to-market on interest rate caps and swaps, debt issuance costs, upfront fees and other impacts, divided by the average debt balance. This measure reflects the impact from changes in the amount of debt and interest rates.

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June 30,		
	2023	2022	Percentage Difference	2023	2022	Percentage Difference
	(U.S. Dollars in millions)					
Interest expense	\$ 427	\$ 400	7 %	\$ 864	\$ 781	11 %
Adjusted for:						
Mark-to-market on interest rate caps and swaps	3	3	(7 %)	(11)	39	NA
Debt issuance costs, upfront fees and other impacts	(38)	(37)	1 %	(73)	(77)	(5 %)
Interest expense excluding mark-to-market on interest rate caps and swaps, debt issuance costs, upfront fees and other impacts	\$ 393	\$ 366	7 %	\$ 780	\$ 743	5 %
Average debt balance	\$ 46,553	\$ 48,769	(5 %)	\$ 46,556	\$ 49,331	(6 %)
Average cost of debt	3.4 %	3.0 %	12 %	3.4 %	3.0 %	11 %

Summarized financial information of issuers and guarantors

AGAT/AICDC Notes

From time to time since the completion of the acquisition of ILFC, AerCap Trust and AICDC have co-issued senior unsecured notes (the “AGAT/AICDC Notes”). Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)—Note 14—*Debt*” for further details on the AGAT/AICDC Notes. The AGAT/AICDC Notes are jointly and severally and fully and unconditionally guaranteed by AerCap Holdings N.V. (the “Parent Guarantor”) and by AerCap Ireland, AerCap Aviation Solutions B.V., ILFC and AerCap U.S. Global Aviation LLC (the “Subsidiary Guarantors” and, together with the Parent Guarantor, the “AGAT/AICDC Guarantors”).

Subject to the provisions of the indenture governing the AGAT/AICDC Notes (the “AGAT/AICDC Indenture”), a Subsidiary Guarantor will be automatically and unconditionally released from its guarantee with respect to a series of AGAT/AICDC Notes under the following circumstances: (1) the sale, disposition or other transfer of (i) the capital stock of a Subsidiary Guarantor after which such Subsidiary Guarantor is no longer a Restricted Subsidiary (as defined in the AGAT/AICDC Indenture) or (ii) all or substantially all of the assets of a Subsidiary Guarantor; (2) the permitted designation of the Subsidiary Guarantor as an Unrestricted Subsidiary as defined in and pursuant to the AGAT/AICDC Indenture; (3) the consolidation, amalgamation or merger of a Subsidiary Guarantor with and into AerCap Trust, AICDC or another AGAT/AICDC Guarantor with such person being the surviving entity, or upon the liquidation of a Subsidiary Guarantor following the transfer of all of its assets to AerCap Trust, AICDC or another AGAT/AICDC Guarantor; or (4) legal defeasance or covenant defeasance with respect to such series, each as described in the AGAT/AICDC Indenture, or if the obligations of AerCap Trust and AICDC with respect to such series under the AGAT/AICDC Indenture are discharged.

The guarantee obligations of each Subsidiary Guarantor are limited (i) to an amount not to exceed the maximum amount that can be guaranteed by a Subsidiary Guarantor (after giving effect to any collections from, rights to receive contribution from or payments made by or on behalf of all other AGAT/AICDC Guarantors in respect of the obligations under their respective guarantees) without rendering the guarantee, as it relates to such Subsidiary Guarantor, voidable under applicable fraudulent conveyance or transfer laws, and (ii) as necessary to recognize certain defenses generally available to guarantors, including voidable preference, financial assistance, corporate purpose, capital maintenance or similar laws, regulations or defenses affecting the rights of creditors generally or other considerations under applicable law. In addition, given that some of the AGAT/AICDC Guarantors are Irish and Dutch companies, it may be more difficult for holders of the AGAT/AICDC Notes to obtain or enforce judgments against such guarantors.

AICDC and certain AGAT/AICDC Guarantors are holding companies and therefore hold equity interests in directly held subsidiaries, amongst having other trading activities. As a result, AICDC and certain AGAT/AICDC Guarantors could be dependent on dividends and other payments from their subsidiaries to generate the funds necessary to meet their outstanding debt service and other obligations, and such dividends or other payments will in turn depend on factors, such as their subsidiaries’ earnings, covenants in instruments governing their subsidiaries’ indebtedness, other contractual restrictions and applicable laws (including local law restricting payments of dividends).

Junior Subordinated Notes

In October 2019, AerCap Holdings N.V. issued \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% fixed-rate reset junior subordinated notes due 2079 (the “Junior Subordinated Notes”). Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)—Note 14—*Debt*” and our audited Consolidated Financial Statements and “Note 16—*Debt*”, included in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2023, for further details on the Junior Subordinated Notes. The Junior Subordinated Notes are jointly and severally and fully and unconditionally guaranteed by AerCap Trust, AICDC, AerCap Ireland, AerCap Aviation Solutions B.V., ILFC and AerCap U.S. Global Aviation LLC (the “Subordinated Notes Guarantors”).

Subject to the provisions of the indenture governing the Junior Subordinated Notes (the “Subordinated Notes Indenture”), a Subordinated Notes Guarantor will be automatically and unconditionally released from its guarantee under the following circumstances: (1) the sale, disposition or other transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of a Subordinated Notes Guarantor; (2) the consolidation, amalgamation or merger of a Subordinated Notes Guarantor with and into AerCap Holdings N.V. or another Subordinated Notes Guarantor with such person being the surviving entity, or upon the liquidation of a Subordinated Notes Guarantor following the transfer of all of its assets to AerCap Holdings N.V. or another Subordinated Notes Guarantor; or (3) legal defeasance or covenant defeasance, each as described in the Subordinated Notes Indenture, or if the obligations of AerCap Holdings N.V. under the Subordinated Notes Indenture are discharged.

The guarantee obligations of each Subordinated Notes Guarantor are limited (i) to an amount not to exceed the maximum amount that can be guaranteed by a Subordinated Notes Guarantor (after giving effect to any collections from, rights to receive contribution from or payments made by or on behalf of all other Subordinated Notes Guarantors in respect of the obligations under their respective guarantees) without rendering the guarantee, as it relates to such Subordinated Notes Guarantor, voidable under applicable fraudulent conveyance or transfer laws and (ii) as necessary to recognize certain defenses generally available to guarantors, including voidable preference, financial assistance, corporate purpose, capital maintenance or similar laws, regulations or defenses affecting the rights of creditors generally or other considerations under applicable law. In addition, given that some of the Subordinated Notes Guarantors are Irish and Dutch companies, it may be more difficult for holders of the Junior Subordinated Notes to obtain or enforce judgments against such guarantors.

Because AerCap Holdings N.V. and certain Subordinated Notes Guarantors are holding companies with very limited operations, their only significant assets are the equity interests of their directly held subsidiaries. As a result, AerCap Holdings N.V. and certain Subordinated Notes Guarantors are dependent primarily upon dividends and other payments from their subsidiaries to generate the funds necessary to meet their outstanding debt service and other obligations, and such dividends or other payments will in turn depend on their subsidiaries' earnings, covenants in instruments governing their subsidiaries' indebtedness, other contractual restrictions and applicable laws (including local law restricting payments of dividends).

Summarized Combined Financial Information

Summarized financial information (the "SFI"), as defined under Rule 1-02(bb) of Regulation S-X, is provided below for the issuers and the guarantor entities and includes AerCap Holdings N.V., AerCap Trust, AICDC, AerCap U.S. Global Aviation LLC, AerCap Aviation Solutions B.V., AerCap Ireland and ILFC (collectively, the "Obligor Group") as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The SFI is presented on a combined basis with intercompany transactions and balances among the entities included in the Obligor Group eliminated. The Obligor Group SFI excludes investments in non-obligor entities.

Summarized combined financial information of issuers and guarantors

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(U.S. Dollars in millions)	
Flight equipment held for operating leases, net	\$ 7,960	\$ 7,887
Intercompany receivables	33,788	32,684
Total assets	44,565	44,131
Debt	36,292	36,605
Intercompany payables	3,265	2,933
Total liabilities	41,709	41,567
Non-controlling interest	79	78
		Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 (U.S. Dollars in millions)
Total revenues and other income (a)		\$ 2,375
Total expenses (b)		1,152
Income before income taxes and loss of investments accounted for under the equity method		1,223
Net income		1,057
Net income attributable to AerCap Holdings N.V.		1,050

(a) Total revenues include interest income from non-obligor entities of \$1,071 million.

(b) Total expenses include interest expense to non-obligor entities of \$52 million.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our primary market risk exposure is interest rate risk associated with short- and long-term borrowings bearing variable interest rates and lease payments under leases tied to floating interest rates. To manage this interest rate exposure, from time to time, we enter into interest rate swap and cap agreements. We are also exposed to foreign currency risk, which can adversely affect our operating profits. To manage this risk, from time to time, we may enter into forward exchange contracts.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with “Part I. Financial Information—Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)—Note 11—*Derivative financial instruments*,” “Part I. Financial Information—Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)—Note 14—*Debt*” and our audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on March 2, 2023, which provide further information on our debt and derivative financial instruments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the exposure to changes in the level of interest rates and the spread between different interest rates. Interest rate risk is highly sensitive to many factors, including government monetary policies, global economic factors and other factors beyond our control.

We enter into leases with rents that are based on fixed and variable interest rates, and we fund our operations primarily with a mixture of fixed and floating rate debt. Interest rate exposure arises when there is a mismatch between terms of the associated debt and interest earning assets, primarily between floating rate debt and fixed rate leases. We manage this exposure primarily through the use of interest rate caps and interest rate swaps using a cash flow-based risk management model. This model takes the expected cash flows generated by our assets and liabilities and then calculates by how much the value of these cash flows will change for a given movement in interest rates.

The following tables present the average notional amounts and weighted average interest rates which are contracted for the specified year for our derivative financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates, including our interest rate caps and swaps, as of June 30, 2023. Notional amounts are used to calculate the contractual payments to be exchanged under the contract. Under our interest rate caps, we will receive the excess, if any, of Term SOFR or LIBOR, reset monthly or quarterly on an actual/360 adjusted basis, over the strike rate of the relevant cap. For our interest rate swaps, pay rates are based on the fixed rate which we are contracted to pay to our swap counterparty.

	2023 - remaining	2024	2025	2026	2027	Thereafter	Fair value
(U.S. Dollars in millions)							
Interest rate caps							
Average notional amounts	\$ 2,526.8	\$ 1,903.3	\$ 1,129.2	\$ 469.3	\$ 35.2	—	\$ 129.9
Weighted average strike rate	2.0 %	1.6 %	2.2 %	2.4 %	2.3 %	—	

	2023 - remaining	2024	2025	2026	2027	Thereafter	Fair value
(U.S. Dollars in millions)							
Interest rate swaps							
Average notional amounts	\$ 3,085.7	\$ 2,700.0	\$ 2,675.0	\$ 1,512.5	\$ 835.4	\$ 120.8	\$ 90.2
Weighted average pay rate	3.1 %	3.1 %	3.2 %	3.6 %	3.6 %	3.4 %	

The variable benchmark interest rates associated with these instruments ranged from Term SOFR to one- to three-month U.S. dollar LIBOR, as applicable. All instruments referencing U.S. dollar LIBOR will expire, or will transition to Term SOFR, by September 30, 2023.

Our Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing our overall interest rate management policies. Our counterparty risk is monitored on an ongoing basis, but is mitigated by the fact that the majority of our interest rate derivative counterparties are required to collateralize in the event of their downgrade by the rating agencies below a certain level.

Foreign currency risk and foreign operations

Our functional currency is U.S. dollars. The functional currency for domestic and substantially all foreign operations is the U.S. dollar. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are not significant to the Company's operations. Foreign exchange risk arises from our and our lessees' operations in multiple jurisdictions. All of our aircraft purchase agreements are negotiated in U.S. dollars, we currently receive substantially all of our revenue in U.S. dollars and we pay our expenses primarily in U.S. dollars. We currently have a limited number of leases and helicopter purchase agreements denominated in foreign currencies, maintain part of our cash in foreign currencies, pay taxes in foreign currencies, and incur some of our expenses in foreign currencies, primarily the euro. A decrease in the U.S. dollar in relation to foreign currencies increases our lease revenue received from foreign currency-denominated leases and our expenses paid in foreign currencies. An increase in the U.S. dollar in relation to foreign currencies decreases our lease revenue received from foreign currency-denominated leases and our expenses paid in foreign currencies. Because we currently receive most of our revenues in U.S. dollars and pay most of our expenses in U.S. dollars, a change in foreign exchange rates would not have a material impact on our results of operations or cash flows. We do not have any restrictions or repatriation issues associated with our foreign cash accounts.

Inflation

After a sustained period of relatively low inflation rates, the rates of inflation are above or near recent historical highs in the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom, and other countries. High rates of inflation may have a number of adverse effects on our business. Inflation may increase the costs of goods, services and labor used in our operations, thereby increasing our expenses. To the extent that we derive our income from leases with fixed rates of payment, high rates of inflation will cause a greater decrease in the value of those payments than had the rates of inflation remained lower. Because our leases are generally multi-year, there may be a lag in our ability to adjust the lease rates for a particular aircraft accordingly. Our suppliers and lessees may also be subject to material adverse effects as a result of high rates of inflation, including as a result of the impact on their financial conditions, changes in demand patterns, price volatility, and supply chain disruption.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Please refer to “Part I. Financial Information—Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)—Note 25—*Commitments and contingencies*” in this report.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in our risk factors since those reported in our Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table presents repurchases of our ordinary shares made by us during the six months ended June 30, 2023:

	Number of ordinary shares purchased	Average price paid per ordinary share	Total number of ordinary shares purchased as part of our publicly announced program	Maximum dollar value of ordinary shares that may yet be purchased under the program (U.S. Dollars in millions) (a)
January 2023	—	\$ —	—	\$ —
February 2023	—	—	—	—
March 2023	8,788,890	56.89	8,788,890	—
April 2023	—	—	—	—
May 2023	2,926,102	57.12	2,926,102	332.9
June 2023	2,131,790	60.50	2,131,790	203.9
	13,846,782	\$ 57.49	13,846,782	\$ 203.9

(a) For further detail on our share repurchase programs, please refer to Note 16—*Equity*.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

101.INS Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File as its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document

101.SCH Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

101.CAL Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document

101.DEF Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

101.LAB Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document

101.PRE Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AERCAP HOLDINGS N.V.

By: /s/ Aengus Kelly

Name: Aengus Kelly

Title: Authorized Signatory

Date: July 31, 2023